



## Parliament Hill and the Tumulus



The trail starts here at the Parliament Hill Café. Follow the trail towards the chain of ponds.

The chain of ponds on your right were dug as reservoirs around 300 years ago. The waters of the River Fleet feed them. Water birds such as herons, greatcrested grebes and the prehistoric like cormorants can be seen here. You may even catch a glimpse of a kingfisher.



The pine-topped **Tumulus** is something of a mystery. Some believe it is an ancient burial ground or the resting-place of Queen Boudicca. More likely it is the site of an old windmill or a folly, once visible from Kenwood House.

Just inside the woodland on your right you will see what is probably the oldest human-made feature on

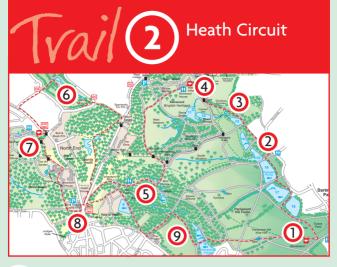
the Heath. The 'Saxon Ditch' has been here since at least AD 986. Ancient trees and stones also mark this old manorial and parish boundary.

The summit of Parliament Hill will give you a welcome breather and great views over the city. More mystery surrounds the name. It may simply record the visibility of the seat of government, or does it commemorate Guy Fawkes' attempt to blow up the Houses of Parliament in 1605? Some think that his supporters lay in waiting here to witness the deed being done.



This is a good spot to watch migrating birds. In the autumn, look for large numbers of swallows and house martins.

kingfisher



The trail starts here at the Parliament Hill Café. Follow the trail, via the ponds, to Millfield Lane.

This country lane is a continuation of Millfield Lane, which borders the area that was Millfield Farm. It is also known as **Poet's Lane** due to associations with Coleridge and Keats who were known to listen to the nightingales here.



The Goodison Fountain was erected in memory of Henry Goodison, involved in the campaign to save Kenwood House. In the summer, meadow brown and orange tip butterflies as well as swifts can be found in the meadow beyond. In winter, flocks of fieldfares and redwings from Scandinavia arrive.

In front of you is Kenwood House. You are looking at its south



face, which is from the Georgian period. The House exhibits important collections of paintings. The adjacent ancient woodlands are inhabited by jackdaws, a rarity so close to London, and bizarrely, ring-necked parakeets. The Kenwood Estate was bequeathed to the nation by the 1st Earl of Iveagh.

You are now on the Vale of Health estate road. Sir Thomas Maryon Wilson, who had manorial rights on this part of the Heath, built this in 1845. His grand plan to build on the Heath was eventually scuppered by local protestations. Keep an eye out for treecreepers and nuthatches, which can be seen moving around the trunks of trees. You will now walk via the Vale of Health estate road to Sandy Heath and onto the Hampstead Heath Extension.



Looking south, the Hampstead Heath Extension showing the hedgerow systems

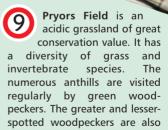
The hedgerow to the left of the path is a remnant of the ancient woodland, Wylde Wood. Oaks hornbeams are interspersed with hazel, hawthorn and elder. To your right are the Seven Sisters Ponds that eventually feed into Brent Reservoir. In the summer a variety of damselflies and dragonflies including the azure damselfly and the common darter dragonfly can be seen patrolling the area.



On entering Golders Hill
Park you can see the
contrast with the wilder
parts of the Heath. A large
mansion, known as Golders Hill
House, once stood here until it
was bombed during the Second
World War. The park has a
stunning walled garden and a
variety of exotic tree species.

Congratulations! You have reached the Summit of Hampstead

Heath, the highest natural point in London. To the right is the Flagstaff, which marks the site of the fire beacon that provided warning of the Spanish Armada in 1588. For centuries it was lit to celebrate jubilees and other national events.



Roesels

bush cricke



## Sandy Heath and the Pergola



The trail starts here at Golders Hill Café. The trail takes you through Golders Hill Park and West Heath before bringing you to the Hill Garden.

The beautiful and restful
Hill Garden is one of
London's best-kept secrets.

The adjacent Pergola was the brainchild of Lord Leverhulme, a resident of Inverforth House, in the early 1900s. This covered walkway is as long as the Canary Wharf Tower is tall. The Corporation of London carefully restored it in the early 1990s. Recently, brown long-eared bats have been discovered roosting here.



The Pergola overlooking West Heath

Behave yourself! The infamous 'Gibbet Elms' once stood close to here.
The bodies of highwaymen were hung in a suspended iron framework as a warning

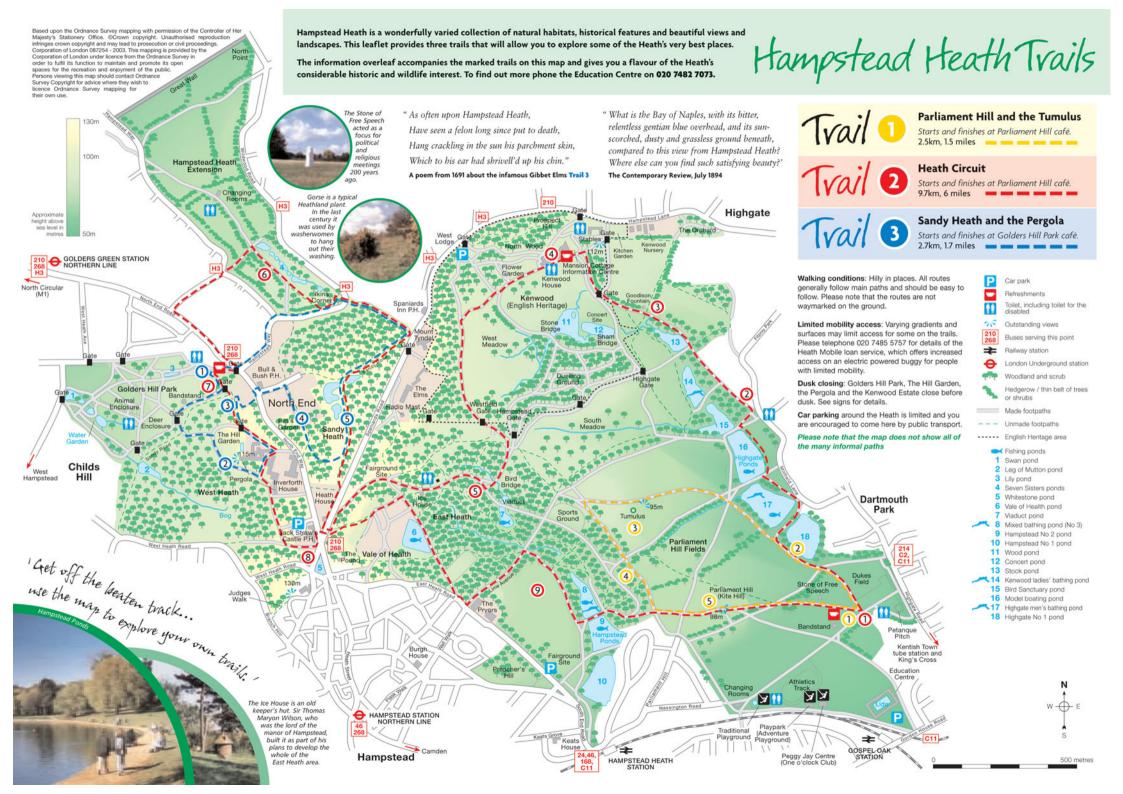
to potential troublemakers. According to local legend, Dick Turpin was also associated with the Heath and is thought to have used the Spaniards Inn, further to the Fast.



The classical arch in Pitt's Garden

Just off the beaten track is Pitt's Garden. This large walled garden is part of the Heath and is now a spectacular wilderness with a ruined classical archway. It contains areas of recently planted heather, the Heath's signature plant.

You are now on Sandy Heath, which is a dramatically altered, lunar-like landscape. The steep slopes, sudden hollows and undulations show the places where sand has been dug over many years. Large areas of gorse can be found here and provide a good habitat for nesting birds such as long-tailed tits.





## Hampstead Heath Trails

Hampstead Heath is one of a number of open spaces, parks and gardens in and around London owned and managed by the Corporation of London as part of its commitment to sustaining a world class city. Each open space is a unique resource managed for the use and enjoyment of the public and for the conservation of wildlife and historic landscape.

A full list of sites and visitor information can be found on our website at www.cityoflondon.gov.uk/openspaces or by contacting the Open Spaces Directorate on 020 7606 3030.



## **SOME IMPORTANT CONTACTS**

Emergency	Heath Constabulary	020 8340 5260
General enquiries	Parliament Hill Office Golders Hill Park Office	020 7485 4491 020 8455 5183
Information on Wildlife, History and Guided Walks	Education Centre	020 7482 7073
Superintendent's office		020 8348 9908
Website	www.cityoflondon.gov.uk	

Picture credits: Kingfisher/red admiral butterfly, Mike Read. Roesels bush cricket London Wildlife Trust.

