Albert Road Recreation Ground Management Plan 2013 - 2016
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Preface
2011 was a rapid period of change for the Parks Service in Haringey. The Local Government Settlement for Haringey resulted in an £81m reduction in funding to Haringey, including £41m from 2011/12.

Members agreed a package of change proposal for parks around 3 themes:
- further operational efficiency
- transfer and fund delivery of services
- reducing scope and scale of grounds maintenance activity

The related actions achieved a net cost saving of £1.06m, the majority of which - £991k - was from 1 April 2011.

The most challenging element was the ‘reduction in grounds maintenance’ with a £510k budget cut, and reduction of 19 FTE staff (17 permanent and 2 FTE agency).

The Service has contractual commitments to both Homes for Haringey and the Heritage Lottery Fund (Lordship Recreation Ground, Finsbury Park and Markfield Park) which need to be met.

Whilst Friends of Parks have remained engaged and participated in the two Lead Member led summit meetings to date, they have also expressed their concerns regarding the budget cuts through a petition and deputation to Full Council in November 2011.

Action Update January 2013
In the short term the Council has, in conjunction with partners, including Friends Groups, developed an action plan with 3 key themes, aimed at mitigating the impact of the reductions outlined above and redefining a core service offer:
- redesign and revision of our current parks and open space horticultural content
- proactive and joined up use of supported employment and training initiatives
- a smarter approach to supporting and developing volunteering

Redesign and revision of current parks and open space operation – Initial reviews around particular operations led on to a full review of the future options for Parks Maintenance in the Borough. The review concluded that the cost being paid for the service being received by the council was broadly comparable with the cost of service in the market, however, more money needed to be spent on modern machinery. It was also recognised that if additional money was provided for machinery overtime less seasonal staff would be required. The options review was considered by members and they elected to continue providing the service in house, to invest in new machinery and to ensure that work was undertaken to improve the management and supervision of the grounds maintenance operation.

Proactive and joined up use of supported training and employment initiatives - Over the last six years the Parks Service has actively engaged in initiatives to bring young people into horticulture. With an ageing workforce and natural vacancies that arise each year it is important that such schemes are maintained. The level of skills of our agency staff is an ongoing area of concern. Over the last 12 months this theme has been explored with the help of Groundwork one of the councils partners. Groundwork already run two schemes for Homes for Haringey under the banner of
the ‘Green Team’. Groundwork has secured match funding from City Bridge Trust, Haringey Jobs Fund, Skills Funding Agency and Department of Work & Pensions totally £125,000 towards supporting training and employment initiatives in Haringey’s Parks. Overall this will support 8 training posts in the borough the first two will be apprentices based at Lordship Recreation Ground. ‘Graduates’ from programmes will move into core and seasonal vacancies as they arise in the parks operational team. Working in this way the Council will move from its dependency on untested agency staff to well trained staff that have demonstrated their competency and skills to undertake the role of gardener in Haringey’s Parks.

**Smarter approach to supporting and developing volunteering** - Haringey Parks Service has a strong track record of developing local engagement and volunteering. In discussion with the existing Friends Groups and volunteers it is clear that as a group they do not have the capacity to ‘volunteer more’. Therefore our approach to developing volunteering further will be to focus on capacity building with residents to seek new and additional volunteers. Capacity building will focus on the establishment of Friends Groups in parks where they do not exist, and also recruiting additional volunteers for existing groups.

Through our key partnerships with Groundwork, TCV and MPS we have moved forward on changing the use of their resources to focus more specifically on Volunteering.

This greater effort on developing new volunteering and support the development of existing groups is beginning to bear fruit. Some examples include:-

- 12 Corporate volunteering events since April 2011 supported by over 500 volunteers with an estimated value of £75,000.
- Groundwork have developed a Community Action Plan for Stationers Park where the friends have taken on the majority of the maintenance in the park.
- TCV have conducted 77 working party days since April 2012 with a value of volunteering work of over £58,000.
- MPS have signed up 479 Neighbourhood Watch groups to include their local park within the watch.

**Summary**

2011 was very challenging for the Parks Service in Haringey and it remained so throughout 2012. However, the review of options for the maintenance of parks has ensured that members have considered again what standard they want to see in their parks and have agreed to invest an additional one off £180,000 to achieve this in 2013. Haringey’s active network of Friends Groups and partners remain committed to providing the best possible parks that we can. We will continue to explore new ways of securing investment and improved maintenance in the parks over the coming years.
1 Introduction

1.1 Haringey Parks Vision Statement
The borough-wide vision for parks and open spaces, as set out in the Open Space Strategy is:

To enrich the quality of life for everyone in Haringey by working in partnership to provide safe, attractively designed, well used, well maintained open spaces for the benefit and enjoyment of the whole community.

1.2 Open Space Provision in Haringey
Based on 2010 Government Indices of Deprivation, Haringey is one of the most deprived authorities in the country, ranking 13 out of 326 English authorities. In 2007 it was ranked 18th most deprived.

Haringey is the 4th most deprived borough in London. In 2007 it was ranked 5th.

The Indices of Deprivation are used widely for identifying area within high levels of deprivation or areas with specific issues, such as health or crime. They are central to the evidence base for regeneration policy in England and help target limited resources appropriately.

A 2005 strategic assessment noted that Haringey was deficient in all types of open space. This fact underlines the importance of improving and maintaining sites like Albert Road Recreation Ground to enable more intense and diverse use.

1.3 Albert Road Recreation Ground Vision Statement
To deliver - in partnership with Pavilion Tennis - a park with high quality sports and recreation facilities, that the local community deserves and expects.

1.4 Site Description
Albert Road Recreation Ground is a 6.4ha park in Alexandra Ward, located in a predominantly middle class area. The site is designated Metropolitan Open Land (MOL) and is also a Site of Importance for Nature Conservation (SINC).

It lies in the parliamentary constituency of Hornsey and Wood Green and abuts Muswell Hill Golf Course with Alexandra Park to the south.

The park’s perimeter along Albert Road and Durnsford Road is fenced with iron railings, coupled with beech hedges. The boundary with Bidwell Gardens to the north is marked solely by iron railings. Alexandra Park School and Rhodes Avenue Primary School borders the west. A spinney lies to the west of the Rec and is used by Rhodes Avenue Primary School and the Friends of Albert Road Rec. This area is also a designated SINC. The Sunshine Garden Centre provides a boundary to the east.

In 2010 the site was awarded Beacon status from the Tennis Foundation in recognition of its high quality, affordable community tennis programmes.

The Park first won its Green Flag in 2006 and has retained it each year since. A Safer Park gold award was awarded by the Mayor of London in 2011 and 12 and became a Queen Elizabeth II designated park at the end of 2011 gaining protection in perpetuity.
The grid reference of the park is 529250,190750.

1.5 Facilities
For a relatively small park the site contains a wide range of facilities. The eastern section of the park - adjacent to the garden centre - holds the playground, tennis courts, basketball courts, the old bowling green and pavilion and the Pavilion Café. Between these amenities and Albert and Durnsford Roads are three football pitches, see Figure 1 below.

The presence of the café has led to a change in usage of the site and its facilities. The tennis courts are now heavily used as a result of the coaching offered by Pavilion Tennis and the recent improvements to the courts.

The football pitches have seen their popularity grow in recent years with matches being played on a daily basis. Pavilion Tennis and the café have had a positive effect on user numbers.

During weekday term times, Alexandra Park School uses the western field for sports activities. Rhodes Avenue School uses the park for sports days and PE lessons. School children use the park informally at lunch times and as a thoroughfare to and from the school. Parents use the park as a meeting place to socialise, and children make extensive use of the under 12s play facilities.

For more passive informal recreational purposes there are benches throughout the park.

A trim trail was installed in 2009 and is a great asset to the park.

1.6 Area Team Responsibility
Haringey parks are managed by Operational Services which sits within the Leisure Services Business Unit of the Place and Sustainability Directorate within the London Borough of Haringey.

Within the Operational Services team, the direct management and maintenance of the parks is split into two areas – East and West. Within each area there are three zonal teams covering grounds maintenance operations. Albert Road Recreation Ground is in the West area, covered by zonal team 2.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Job Title</th>
<th>Telephone</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Parks Operations Manager West: Lewis Taylor</td>
<td>07870 157647</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><a href="mailto:lewis.taylor@haringey.gov.uk">lewis.taylor@haringey.gov.uk</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Assistant Parks Operations Manager West: Anthony Healey</td>
<td>07870 157646</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><a href="mailto:Anthony.healey@haringey.gov.uk">Anthony.healey@haringey.gov.uk</a></td>
</tr>
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</table>

Table 1: Albert Road Recreation Ground local management
A map of Albert Road Recreation Ground and its features is shown below.

Figure 1: Albert Road Recreation Ground

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Feature</th>
<th>Quantity</th>
<th>Unit of measure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Grass</td>
<td>47,871.99</td>
<td>m²</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Paths</td>
<td>6,925.11</td>
<td>m²</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Playground Surface</td>
<td>2,007.44</td>
<td>m²</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shrubs</td>
<td>1,089.07</td>
<td>m²</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sports Pitch</td>
<td>24,605.57</td>
<td>m²</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tennis Courts</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Junior Tennis Courts</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bowling Green</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Football Pitch</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mini Pitch</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Junior Football Pitch</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hedge</td>
<td>304.78</td>
<td>m²</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spring and Summer Bedding</td>
<td>320.36</td>
<td>m²</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Woodland</td>
<td>2,998.40</td>
<td>m²</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bulb Area</td>
<td>183.81</td>
<td>m²</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rose Bed</td>
<td>51.47</td>
<td>m²</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Benches</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bins</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dog Bin</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gate</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Park Bin</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pavilion Cafe</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Table 2: Hard and soft landscape features at Albert Road Recreation Ground

| Bowling Green Pavilion | 1 | No |

2 Welcoming Place

2.1 Access
There is no public vehicle access to the site and limited parking is available in the surrounding roads. Pedestrian access is via an entrance on Albert Road, two entrances on Durnsford Road, and two entrances on Bidwell Gardens.

Three pedestrian crossings can be found across Albert Road and one across Durnsford Road.

London Buses 102, 184, 299 stop near these crossings. Bounds Green tube station is a ten minute walk away north along Durnsford Road.

Cycling access is possible on the western side of the park where the access road to the schools accommodates both pedestrians and cyclists.

The park is wheelchair and pushchair accessible. Although the site has not been audited as part of the Leisure Services Assessment under the Disabilities and Discrimination Act (1995) (DDA), there have not been any outstanding references to specific disability issues at Albert Road Recreation Ground.

There are welcome signs at all entrance points to the park and there are two large information boards - one adjacent to the café and one at the main entrance on Durnsford Road.

Signage Audit
At the beginning of 2013 a signage audit will be conducted. This will inform Leisure Services of what signage currently exists, what it says and will determine any updates needed including changes to contact details and new enforcement actions such as Dog Control Orders which come into effect in April 2013. All updates are planned to take place before April 2013.

Toilet facilities are available in the Pavilion Café. A ladies’ toilet and a disabled toilet are available with outside access, but are only accessible when the café is open. There are two more toilets (male and female), as well as changing facilities, inside the Pavilion Café, accessible when the café is open. The cafe is open Monday to Sunday, 9am – 5pm.

2.2 Equal Access for All
Disability Discrimination Act 1995
The Disability Discrimination Act 1995 (DDA) came into effect on the 1 October 2004. The Act defines a disabled person as someone with ‘a physical or mental impairment, which has a substantial and long-term adverse effect on their ability to carry out normal day-to-day activities’.

Haringey is required by law to ensure that disabled people are not discriminated against with regard to access to public places, such as Albert Road Recreation Ground, and are therefore able to use park facilities without hindrance.
To ensure that this happens, reasonable physical changes may need to be made. For example such changes might include:

- ensuring parks are accessible and providing clearer signs
- providing suitable seating
- if possible, installing a permanent ramp and a handrail at the entrance to a building where there are steps
- replacing a door handle with one that is easier to reach and to grip
- using colour contrast to ensure entrances and exits are easier to use

Making such changes would not only benefit disabled users of the parks and their carers / companions, but they would also benefit users with small children and older people who would appreciate easier access.

More information can be found on [http://www.disability.gov.uk](http://www.disability.gov.uk)

### 3 Healthy, Safe and Secure

#### 3.1 No Smoking

There is a no smoking policy in place in all children’s playgrounds, including in Albert Road Recreation Ground. This is indicated on the playground signage.

#### 3.2 Walking Routes

Walking is an excellent way to adopt a more active lifestyle and the health benefits can really make a difference. It's also a great way to get out and meet people.

Leisure Services in partnership with other agencies such as the local Primary Care Trust offer regular organised walks in many of the boroughs parks. Further details on these walks can be found on the council website – [www.haringey.gov.uk](http://www.haringey.gov.uk)

Albert Road Recreation Ground has a marked walking route around the park. This is 625 meters long and will take on average 6.5 minutes to complete, burning around 39 calories. The route is shown with markers.

#### 3.3 Health and Safety

The health and safety of visitors to, and staff working at Albert Road Recreation Ground is given the highest priority. Leisure Operations has adopted and maintains a health and safety management system.

The main principles of this system are as follows:

- **Responsibility** - this section identifies who has responsibilities within Leisure Services from the Assistant Director of Leisure through to all staff.
- **Training** - all staff receive training to enable them to carry out all tasks asked of them. This ranges from on site instruction to a training course or qualification, as determined through appraisals and one to ones.
- **Communication** - there are many avenues for communication of Health and Safety issues. These include the quarterly Health and Safety Forum that all safety representatives attend, team briefings, health and safety notice boards, monthly management meetings, monthly Departmental Consultative Committee (DCC) meetings, staff appraisals and verbal briefings.
- **Co-operation** - all staff are required to comply with health and safety measures and managers are encouraged to promote a positive safety culture.
- Monitoring - accident and incident reporting provides a means of reactive monitoring, whereas monthly inspections carried out as part of the QMS are forms of active monitoring. All reporting is presented at CRM and the Health and Safety Forum.
- Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) - there is a minimum standard of equipment required for grounds maintenance staff. All other PPE required is supplied and must be worn when completing tasks. Damaged or worn PPE is replaced.
- Vehicles, Machinery and Tools - all equipment must be regularly serviced and repaired and all staff are trained on equipment that they are required to use.
- Chemicals – Leisure Operations complies with the Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 1994 and therefore all chemical use is strictly controlled.
- Manual handling - all efforts are made to reduce manual handling problems and risk assessments are carried out.
- Welfare - all workplaces comply with the Workplace Health, Safety and Welfare Regulations 1992 and are inspected as part of the QMS on a monthly basis.
- First Aid - each area has at least two people trained in first aid and all sites have a fully stocked first aid kit. It is the responsibility of the area manager to ensure that the first aid kit is fully stocked.
- Emergency Procedures - emergency procedures are displayed at every parks site and all staff are required to be familiar with these. All managers must ensure that they are familiar with fire prevention and understand the use of various types of extinguishers.
- Fire extinguishers are checked annually by manufacturers.

3.4 Raising Health and Safety Concerns
All staff are encouraged to raise health and safety issues with their manager or with the health and safety representatives who can raise concerns at the quarterly Health and Safety Forum.

Risk assessments
Risk assessments are carried out in accordance with the risk assessment register which is maintained centrally and which flags up which assessments require updating. Risk assessments are updated annually. Area managers have remote access to the current versions of the assessments and can download them from the council’s network.

Safety representatives
Each area has a safety representative who may or may not be member of a trade union. All safety representatives attend the quarterly health and safety forum where they have the opportunity to raise issues that have not been fully addressed elsewhere. The forum is also a place to discuss health and safety issues and legislation, and their implications on working practices.

3.5 Community Safety - The Parkforce Model
Haringey’s then Parks Service employed park rangers during the 1990s, to patrol the borough’s green spaces. Later a Parks Constabulary was created which carried out various security functions, including locking of parks and cemeteries. The Constabulary was disbanded in 2009 as it did not fit with the new approach that the council was then taking in regards to issues of supervision.
‘Safer Haringey’ is Haringey’s most recent response to residents’ fear of crime. The introduction of the Parkforce model into parks in 2009 was linked to, and shared the aims of the overall strategy set out in the document ‘Safer for All’.

Fear of crime in Haringey’s parks and open spaces has often been identified as a concern for residents through user surveys. The council’s response was to reorganise the majority of its park-focused activities around a model called Parkforce.

CABE Space launched the Parkforce campaign in September 2005. The Parkforce Charter set out several pledges to which stakeholders were encouraged to sign up to. The campaign encouraged local authorities to recognise the value of an on-site presence in every significant park, during daylight hours. CABE Space’s intention was for local authorities and communities associated with open space to consider a range of ways to achieve this objective. In doing this, local authorities and their partners would work towards making parks safer, cleaner and more beautiful, contributing to the health and wellbeing of local people and the quality of the natural environment.

Haringey’s approach to Parkforce was first to identify significant parks, and then to identify who was regularly present in those parks during opening hours. The parks identified as most significant were selected using several criteria. Size, visitor volumes and commitments given in funding bids guided the council to select the following parks:

- Finsbury Park
- Lordship Recreation Ground
- Markfield Recreation Ground
- Railway Fields
- Downhills Park
- Priory Park

Participants to Parkforce were segmented into four main groups:

- **Supervision** – including directly and indirectly employed staff
- **Community involvement** – including Friends, residents groups and associations, neighbourhood wardens, TCV
- **Activities and programming** – including cafés, clubs, children’s centres, holiday schemes, schools
- **Enforcement** – including Metropolitan Police (inc Safer Neighbourhood Teams), environmental enforcement, anti-social behaviour action team

Parkforce was launched at an event in July 2009 at Albert Road Recreation Ground.

The task of establishing and increasing supervision in parks was made easier because Haringey had retained its in-house grounds maintenance service, meaning that many sites already had staff located within them.

To provide a presence in the parks during evenings and weekends, agency staff were employed as Parkforce Stewards. Stewards were tasked with providing a presence in the parks, while positively engaging with users and stakeholders.

A key enforcement aspect of the Parkforce model was the partnership with the Metropolitan Police. The council provided funding for four constables, who were dedicated to patrolling the parks, known as the Safer Parks Team.
Officers were equipped with motor cycles to enable them to move quickly from park to park. They followed fixed routes but were also able to respond to emergencies at short notice. The relationship was governed by a service level agreement which was monitored by the council, at meetings held on a quarterly basis.

A range of activities that can be described in general as ‘green outreach’ were provided by environmental charity TCV. These activities ranged from providing environmental education from a base at Railway Fields Local Nature Reserve, through to bulb planting in parks and providing support to groups of volunteers working in woodland sites and parks.

In conjunction with TCV a tariff was agreed that assigns a different, notional financial value to each activity. This allows comparisons to be drawn across different parks and is the basis of a key performance indicator for the whole contract.

Reductions to local authority budgets in 2010 forced Leisure Services to review the way the Parkforce pledge was delivered. Funding for the Safer Parks Team was withdrawn. A reduction in funding to TCV saw their grant reduced by nearly two thirds. This, along with staff reductions, has resulted in a change in the way supervision, community involvement, activities and programming and enforcement in parks is now delivered.

### 3.6 Metropolitan Police Activity

Once the Safer Parks Team was disbanded talks with the Police resulted in the Safer Neighbourhood Teams including parks in their routine patrols.

The information detailed below has been extrapolated from CRIS based on the FG location type code (identifies crimes that have occurred in a park, common or heath) and covers the twelve month period commencing from the 1st of January 2012.

As the location type code is mandatory in CRIS the accuracy of this dataset is exceptional, with a confidence interval of less than 0.1%. This information is for guidance only and does not represent official MPS performance.

A total of two (2) offences were recorded in Albert Road Rec in the last calendar year, as shown below. These equate to 0.59% or all crime reported in the parks in Haringey.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Location</th>
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<tr>
<td>1 July 2012</td>
<td>14/07/2012</td>
<td>Robbery Person</td>
<td>FG</td>
<td>Albert Recreation Ground</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 December 2012</td>
<td>04/12/2012</td>
<td>Sex Assault</td>
<td>FG</td>
<td>Albert Recreation Ground</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 3: Police Activity in Albert Road Recreation Ground

### 3.7 Extending Neighbourhood Watch into Parks

Following the withdrawal of funding to the Metropolitan Police and with it the deletion of the Safer Parks Team, the council has looked at other ways of partnership working to increase community safety within the parks.
With reductions in the Metropolitan Police budget and the threat of their existing post of Neighbourhood Watch Coordinator being deleted, it was decided that the Council would fund the post for three years, effective from April 2011, with the aim of extending the successful and established Metropolitan Police Neighbourhood Watch scheme into the borough's parks and open spaces.

The scheme now encourages Friends of Parks and park users to report incidents of anti social behaviour or anything they think suspicious to the Community Neighbourhood Watch coordinator.

The coordinator, still based within Haringey's Metropolitan Police acts as liaison between various agencies to deal with the reported matter and resolve it in the most appropriate and effective way possible, while keeping all parties informed of progress. The Coordinator has direct access to the Inspector in charge of the Safer Neighbourhood Teams and can therefore request assistance in parks where needed to either address concerns and help inform where resources are needed based on intelligence led information. The Coordinator can also arrange Safer Neighbourhood Team attendance at Friends Group meetings on a regular basis.

Existing Neighbourhood Watches - of which there are now over 300 in Haringey with an estimated 19,000 members - are run by local residents with support from the police and partner agencies, including the council. Members of the Watch decide their objectives and how it will operate. The Haringey Association of Neighbourhood Watches meets on a quarterly basis to update members and share information.

Until recently Watches had focused on activity within their local streets, but they are now encouraged to ‘adopt’ their local parks and green spaces and report incidents to the Community Neighbourhood Watch Coordinator. Most parks in the borough including Albert Road Recreation Ground have been ‘adopted’ by their local Neighbourhood Watches. Those areas surrounding parks that are deficient in Neighbourhood Watches are a continuing focus with the aim of creating new Watches and linking them to parks.

The Neighbourhood Watch Coordinator sends out regular updates to the Neighbourhood Watches and Friends of Parks informing them of proactive initiatives and events, but also uses this communication tool as an alert system of incidents to appeal for witnesses and for communities to be vigilant.

There are plans in 2013 to include the well recognised Neighbourhood Watch symbol on all park welcome signs to reinforce the partnership to park users.

The Neighbourhood Watch Coordinator has produced a useful contact sheet for park users which includes numbers for the various police and council services. These details are ward specific and are displayed in all park notice boards.
Watches within close proximity to Albert Road Recreation Ground and have 'adopted' the rec within its Watch are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>WATCH</th>
<th>POST-CODE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BIDWELL GARDENS</td>
<td>N11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KENDALMERE CLOSE</td>
<td>N10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GROVE AVENUE</td>
<td>N10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COLNEY HATCH LANE</td>
<td>N10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Table 4: Neighbourhood Watches that have 'adopted' Albert Road Recreation Ground as part of their Watch*

### 3.8 Dog Control Orders

Dogs and dog walking are a very valuable part of the park scene, and dog carers are probably the main daily user group in many green spaces. Their collective presence is a key ingredient of green spaces being populated and safe to use, especially at quieter times of the day and year. They are often described as ‘eyes and ears’ of a green space, and need to be fully involved in all consultations and improvement plans. Obviously, like any other user group, they are expected to use the park responsibly.

In December 2011, the council agreed to carry out a formal consultation on dog control orders covering dog exclusion, dogs on leads, dogs on leads direction and dog fouling.

Following an informal information-gathering exercise in April / May; the official consultation commenced early June and ran until 23 July. 623 completed questionnaires were received by the closing date.

About 35% of responses were obtained through interviews ‘on location’ in parks; 40% through the post - often as a result of respondents collecting questionnaires from the interviewer; while the remaining 25% were completed online. Many questionnaires were distributed with the help of the Parks Department, Friends of Parks, Homes for Haringey, Libraries and Area Forums.
The following table summarises the responses to the proposed dog control orders:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Proposal</th>
<th>Agree</th>
<th>Disagree</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Limit to number of dogs walked by one person</td>
<td>600</td>
<td>200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dogs not allowed on any public playgrounds, sports courts</td>
<td>500</td>
<td>300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dogs to be kept on leads at all times on all public roads</td>
<td>700</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dogs to be put on a lead when officially instructed</td>
<td>900</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Make it an offence to fail to clear up after a dog</td>
<td>800</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 5: Responses to proposed dog control orders

Following the conclusion of the consultation a report was prepared for consideration by the Council’s Cabinet and agreement was given in October 2012 to fully implement the dog control orders by 1st April 2013. Five orders were agreed and are set out below. They have been formally publicised to make people aware of the orders coming in to place. Further localised publicity will take place in quarter 1 2013.

**Fouling of Land by Dogs Order**
It will be an offence for any person when being in charge of a dog, which defecates at any time on any land within the London Borough of Haringey, not to remove the faeces from the land forthwith.

**Dogs on Leads Order**
It will be an offence for any person when being in charge of a dog to permit the dog to enter or remain on the land unless the dog is on a lead.

**Dogs on Leads by Direction Order**
It will be an offence for any person when being in charge of a dog if, at any time, on any land to which this Order applies he does not comply with a direction given to him by an authorised officer of the Authority to put and keep the dog on a lead.

**Dogs (Specified Maximum) Order**
It will be an offence for any individual person to be in charge of more than six dogs, at any time, on any land to which this Order applies.

**Dogs Exclusion Order**
It will be an offence for any person when being in charge of a dog to permit the dog to enter or remain on any land to which this Order applies.
The proposal will rely heavily on joint enforcement by the Police and Neighbourhood Action Teams.

The penalty for committing an offence under a Dog Control Order is a maximum fine of level 3 on the standard scale (currently £1000). However an authorised officer of an authority may alternatively issue a Fixed Penalty Notice. This includes Police and Community Support Officers (PCSOs).

The amount of a fixed penalty can be set by the local authority within a prescribed range (up to £80), but will be £75 unless another amount is specified.

3.9 **Dog Control Orders within Albert Road Recreation Ground**
The following will apply to Albert Road Recreation Ground from April 2013.

**Fouling of Land by Dogs Order**
This applies to the whole of the park.

**Dogs on Leads Order**
This does not apply to the park.

**Dogs on Leads by Direction Order**
This applies to the whole of the park.

**Dogs (Specified Maximum) Order**
This applies to the whole of the park.

**Dogs Exclusion Order**
Dogs are banned from children’s playgrounds and sports courts and pitches when they are in use.

3.10 **The Conservation Volunteers Activity**
TCV (formally BTCV) have worked in the borough for many years. Between 2009 and 2011 three full time TCV officers worked in Haringey providing green outreach work on behalf of the Council, formalised through a grant agreement, specifically under the umbrella of the previous Parkforce model.

In 2011 funding provided by the council was reduced by nearly two thirds, resulting in a reduction of provision and posts.

Haringey and TCV have always been committed to working together through the tough times and the council recognises that TCV are a vital partner in supporting community groups in helping to deliver services that the council can’t currently provide.

Formalised through a grant agreement, the Council have agreed to continue funding TCV’s work in the borough until 2015, with their main base continuing to be Railway Fields, but offering outreach work within other parks and open spaces.

TCV has turned Railway Fields into their first London based Green Hub, providing a focal point for their London wide activities as well as their local Haringey staff.

The direction of their work is now more aligned with helping community groups to become much more self enabled and sufficient. A TCV Officer has responsibility of working with the Friends groups identifying potential conservation activities, in close
partnership with the Council’s Nature Conservation Officer, and developing action plans to implement these identified tasks.

The Officer is also working with the groups, carrying out vital ‘health checks’ to see where the groups strengths and weaknesses are with the aim of building up their strengths to fulfil future ambitions and targets. Part of this is encouraging membership to TCV Community Network which provides help, support and financial benefits such as access to cheap public liability insurance.

Another TCV officer works with groups such as Friends, schools and volunteers providing practical conservation tasks within the open spaces.

The Council has identified 14 ‘priority parks’ on which TCV will focus their resources, although this doesn’t mean that they will cease activities in other parks.

Albert Road Recreation Ground is one of the 14 TCV priority parks. Over the past year TCV hasn’t done any practical outreach work within Albert Road Recreation Ground but has met with the Friends Group and has developed a Conservation Action Plan.

3.11 Groundwork Partnership
In April 2012 Haringey Council entered into a new three year partnership (with a potential 18 month extension) with environmental charity Groundwork London.

As part of the Council priority for ‘A Cleaner, Greener Haringey’ the overall aim of the agreement builds capacity within the residents of Haringey to make a positive contribution to the parks and green spaces.

The agreement is based around three priorities and financial key performance indicators. The three priorities are:

1. New volunteering
2. Capacity building
3. Fundraising

The Council has identified 11 ‘priority parks’ on which Groundwork will focus their resources, although this doesn’t mean that Groundwork will limit their activities such as corporate volunteering initiatives to these parks only.

Groundwork and TCV have agreed to explore how they may help each other, particularly around delivery of the Conservation Action Plans. Groundwork has agreed to explore ways of capacity building and volunteer brokerage and organise some task days focused on delivering the pre-identified conservation actions. Groundwork will then work with TCV who will oversee and deliver the practical element of the task days.

3.12 Safer Parks Award
In 2011 the Mayor of London launched the Safer Parks Award. The award recognises and promotes new and existing good practice in tackling anti-social behaviour and increasing safety in London’s parks.

A key part is community involvement and the Award acknowledges the role local people and organisations can have in making a truly successful park.
Albert Road Recreation Ground was awarded a Gold award, for the work that the Friends, Council and partners have done to reduce crime and anti-social behaviour within the park and has retained the gold award since.

3.13 Tackling Anti-Social Behaviour in Albert Road Recreation Ground
In recent years Albert Road Recreation Ground has been transformed from a derelict no-go area proliferated by anti-social behaviour and crime to a nationally recognised and award winning Beacon park thanks to strong relationships forged between the local authority, owner of the Pavilion Café, Friends Group and community as a whole.

The park is home to the Friends of Albert Recreation Ground (FARRG), a voluntary not for profit community group made up of local residents working to engage the whole community. The group was founded in 2001 by a number of local volunteers with a keen interest in reducing crime and anti-social behaviour, as well as delivering improvements to the park. FARRG Committee meets formally on a monthly basis throughout the year and is also represented on the Haringey Friends of Parks Forum.

Committee members include representatives from the local authorities, local schools and residents as well as representatives of the MET Police - SNT (Safe Neighbourhood Team) and plays a pivotal role in ensuring that community aspirations are brought to fruition by engaging the local community through a range of activities and events aimed at protecting and improving open space facilities and sporting recreational activities within the area.

With various agencies working closely with the community we have dramatically proved that we can bring people together in so many ways and reduce crime. The park went from suffering over 250 incidents of crime and antisocial behaviour in 2005 to just 2 incidents reported on the police database in 2012.

Private initiatives instigated by the owner of the Pavilion Café and its Tennis coaching programmes for ex gang members and more challenging youths, have enabled park users and community as a whole, to regain control of their local area, feel safer, and at the same time make use of the high quality sports and recreation facilities that the local community deserves and expects. All this work was recognised when the Mayor of London awarded a gold Safer Parks Award in 2011.

3.14 Designing Out Crime
It is universally recognised that key factors in ensuring park safety and the perception of safety are to ensure high usage, adequate onsite staffing presence, good maintenance of buildings and infrastructure and a high level of community involvement and ‘ownership’. These matters are dealt with in other sections.

Sensitive landscape management can assist in reducing crime. Assessing accessibility and potential crime spots, known as ‘designing out crime’, may result in the removal of inappropriate tall shrubs and their replacement with a more suitable low growing species. In other instances entrances may be redesigned, or lighting installed.

3.15 Locking of Parks
Some parks in the borough are locked at dusk and opened at dawn. Albert Road Recreation Ground is not one of these parks.
4 Clean and Well Maintained

4.1 Hygiene
The Leisure Operations hygiene function is to maintain and improve the cleaning of parks and open spaces across Haringey. Measurement is through resident satisfaction and compliance with NI 195 Litter and Detritus targets.

The Service was supported by an Area Based Grant of £150k and performance monitored through Better Places Partnership and in conjunction with Haringey’s Waste Management Service. The funding has now been consolidated within the Parks base budget.

A planned revision and reduction of Leisure Operations has taken place and was implemented in July 2011. This was in anticipation of and in line with the council wide budget reductions. The Hygiene Service has been reviewed within this scope and consideration has been applied in realigning the work schedules in line with reduced staff levels, to limit as much as possible the future impact upon service delivery.

The Hygiene Service was previously deployed under two Neighbourhood Area Managers. The two teams were deployed in the borough, one in the East and West Areas to cover parks litter and bin emptying with an additional staff member to cover the same function at Finsbury Park.

One operative was deployed in respect of the Dog Hygiene Service borough wide i.e. emptying of dog waste bins. In total four full time employees were deployed in the East area and three in the West area with additional back up of five seasonal positions (agency staff) in the summer months. In 2008/9 this was further enhanced by agency staff (ten FTE’s) borough wide under the Parkforce remit (since disbanded).

As from July 2011 the Hygiene Service now operates as a single team under the responsibility of the Operations Manager - East. Two staff are deployed in the East and West areas respectively, with three FTE’s additional seasonal cover from Agency Staff. Finsbury Park is now amalgamated within this.

The amount of litter and dog bins and the frequency that dog and litter bins are emptied and Albert Road Recreation Ground is litter picked is detailed below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Park</th>
<th>No of Litter Bins</th>
<th>No of Dog Bins</th>
<th>Frequency (per week) dog and litter bins are emptied and park is litter picked</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Albert Road Recreation Ground</td>
<td>34</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 6: Frequency of when dog and litter bins are emptied

4.2 Monitoring of Waste
Leisure Operations works to Keep Britain Tidy standards and the work is monitored by Haringey’s Waste Management Service. Results are reported at the CRM; and also through the independent Keep Britain Tidy Capital Standards Local Environmental Quality Surveys as detailed below.

Collection of litter is monitored as part of the quality management system by means of a form known as the Quality Assurance Form 12 or ‘QAF 12’.
4.3 Cleanliness and Hygiene Monitoring

Haringey monitors Park sites based on Keep Britain Tidy Capital Standards Local Environmental Quality Surveys (LEQS): National Indicator NI 195. This scheme is commonly referred to as NI195.

These standards were established in 2008 to improve the cleanliness of London for its users. Its key objectives are to improve the sharing of information between boroughs and to establish best practice.

The LEQS are undertaken by Single Frontline and have 10 classes that contribute towards the overall borough score. Recreation areas are one of the LEQS classes that parks contribute towards the overall borough score. This ensures that we are monitored by others to a set standard by different groups using a recognised methodology. The monthly data provides a Key Performance Indicator (KPI) which is reported to senior management and acted on throughout the directorate.

Overall Borough Wide Performance is as follows:

PS04_195a Parks Local street and environmental cleanliness, parks and open spaces with unacceptable levels of litter

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Target</th>
<th>Perf</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2009/10</td>
<td>5%</td>
<td>10%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2010/11</td>
<td>5%</td>
<td>9%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2011/12</td>
<td>9%</td>
<td>7%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2012/13</td>
<td>12%</td>
<td>9%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

PS08_195b Local Improved street and environmental cleanliness, levels of: Detritus Monthly

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Target</th>
<th>Perf</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2009/10</td>
<td>15%</td>
<td>24%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2010/11</td>
<td>11%</td>
<td>20%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2011/12</td>
<td>17%</td>
<td>20%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2012/13</td>
<td>12%</td>
<td>18%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4.4 Better Haringey

Haringey Council launched the Better Haringey – ‘cleaner, greener, safer’ campaign in September 2003. This environmental improvement programme, worth £20 million, aimed to improve the quality of life for people in Haringey by tackling some of the borough’s biggest problems and making it one of the cleanest boroughs in London. As part of the programme, funding was sought to allow for major improvements in many of the Council run parks in Haringey.

4.5 Current Maintenance by Leisure Operations

Maintenance of open spaces within the London Borough of Haringey (not including Homes for Haringey land) is organised into two areas: West and East. Each area is split into 3 zones, with members of staff including a team leader in each zone covering grounds maintenance and open space maintenance.

Each area also has a taskforce consisting of 7 operatives with responsibilities for hygiene, play fitting, arboriculture, tractor maintenance and workshop fitters. To
assess with the requirements of the service an allocation for 12 full time equivalent agency staff has been made.

Albert Road Recreation Ground is within the West area. The Area Manager in charge of each area oversees the maintenance of open spaces and the sites under contract within that area.

Operatives largely cover Monday – Thursday 7.30 – 3pm and Friday 7.30 to 1.30pm.

4.6 Scheduled Maintenance

Maintenance at Albert Road Recreation Ground is organised into daily, weekly, fortnightly, monthly and ad-hoc tasks. Review and monitoring of tasks is carried out via site inspections, staff appraisals and contract monitoring within the QMS.

Tasks are organised on an annual basis and standards are predicted for each monthly period. The standards are defined as A (excellent); B (good); C (acceptable); D (unacceptable).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key Programmed Works</th>
<th>Low Season</th>
<th>High Demand Season</th>
<th>Low Season</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Jan Feb</td>
<td>Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec</td>
<td>Jan Feb</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hygiene - Litter and Bins</td>
<td>B B B C C C C C C C B B B</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hygiene - Detritus</td>
<td>C C C C C C C C C C C C C C</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hygiene - Graffiti Cleanance</td>
<td>B B B C C C C C C C C C C C</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grass Cutting - Parks</td>
<td>B B B B B B B B B B B B B</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shrub Bed Maintenance - Parks</td>
<td>D D D D D C C C C C C C C C</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Site Security (Locking, Unlocking, Parkforce)</td>
<td>A A A A A A A A A A A A A</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hedge Maintenance - Parks</td>
<td>C C C C C C C C C C C C C C</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rose Bed Maintenance - Parks</td>
<td>C C C C C C C C C C C C C C</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sports Pitch Maintenance</td>
<td>C C C C C C C C C C C C C C</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bowling Green Maintenance</td>
<td>C C C C C C C C C C C C C C</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bedding Plant Installation and Maintenance</td>
<td>C C C C C C C C C C C C C C</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nature Conservation Works</td>
<td>D D D D D D D D D D D D D D</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leaf Clearance - Parks</td>
<td>C C C C C C C C C C C C C C</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parks Infrastructure R&amp;M</td>
<td>B B B B B B B B B B B B B</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parks Notice Boards</td>
<td>B B B B B B B B B B B B B</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>War Memorials</td>
<td>A A A A A A A A A A A A A</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pathways</td>
<td>C C C C C C C C C C C C C C</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hard Surface Maintenance</td>
<td>C C C C C C C C C C C C C C</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tennis Court maintenance</td>
<td>B B B B B B B B B B B B B</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sandblast Maintenance</td>
<td>C C C C C C C C C C C C C C</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Play Bark Maintenance</td>
<td>B B B C C C C C C C C C C C</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water Play Maintenance</td>
<td>B B B C C C C C C C C C C C</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Park Bench Maintenance</td>
<td>C C C C C C C C C C C C C C</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Invasive Species Control (Knotweed etc)</td>
<td>C C C C C C C C C C C C C</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ArboREAL Works (Tree Works)</td>
<td>B B B B B B B B B B B B B</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tree Planting &amp; Watering</td>
<td>B B B B B B B B B B B B B</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parks Workshops / Fitters</td>
<td>B B B C C C C C C C C C C C</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 7: Scheduled maintenance

4.7 Measuring Service Standards

The four standards set out above are detailed in the Parks service standards. The aim of this booklet is to illustrate the different standards and thus how a park is scored on cleanliness and presentation in the QMS.

Photographs, alongside brief and simple text, provide staff with a clear means of assessing performance and what their target means.
Grass Maintenance (inc edging)

- Grass has been uniformly cut and is 35mm or less.
- Edges are trimmed and not growing onto hard surface or bedding.

- Grass has been uniformly cut. Edges are slightly untidy.
  - Grass is longer than 35mm but due to be cut or unevenly cut.
  - Edges are uniformly cut.

- Grass is longer than 35mm and not scheduled to be cut in the next week or unevenly cut.
  - Edges are untidy and in hard surface or bedding.

- Grass is not uniformly cut or very long.
  - Edges very untidy and grass is growing into the bedding or over the hard surface.

Figure 2: Extract from the quality document – grass maintenance

4.8 Monitoring Maintenance Standards

Site safety inspections are carried out on a monthly basis at all sites. These are linked to the QMS and ensure that staff are adhering to health and safety requirements, and that equipment within the park meets the required safety standards.

As part of the Quality Management System, checks on the general maintenance of parks are carried out twice yearly with spot checks carried out throughout the year.

Playground equipment is checked on a monthly basis and ROSPA inspections are carried out on quarterly and annual basis.

Playing fields are checked and cleared of any litter before and after fixtures. Pre and post season checks are made on the playing fields and any required repairs are carried out.

The results from these checks are fed back into the QMS and fortnightly Operational Review Meetings where any issues, outstanding, current and potential, are flagged and resolved by area managers present. Forums such as the DCC (Departmental
Consultative Committee) meeting, the Health and Safety Forum and QMS Review meeting also help to flag up issues arising within the general maintenance of parks.

4.9 Landscape and Maintenance Issues and Actions
The management process concentrates on important areas that include both current and historical issues through the continued management of the park. This involves input from the local community, the Leisure Services Business Plan (LSBP) and Green Flag Judges Feedback Report recommendations, KMC surveys and audits, and staff audits in line with Green Flag objectives. As a result issues have been identified under key objective headings and actions to resolve these issues are noted.

4.10 Corporate Volunteering in Parks
Today more and more companies are becoming much more environmentally aware and are seeing and recognising the benefits that corporate volunteering brings to communities.

Haringey Council welcomes companies who want to carry out improvement works to the borough's green spaces, and has facilitated a number of workdays recently which have seen many small improvements make large scale changes to park users.

During 2011 and 2012 a total of 11 corporate volunteering projects were facilitated in the borough’s parks, which involved approximately 500 volunteers and, if applying a monetary volunteer value to this activity, used by many national charities of £150 per volunteer, per day, this corporate activity has resulted in over £75,000 worth of improvements to Haringey’s parks.

With corporate volunteering on the increase, and Haringey’s partner organisations such as Groundwork and TCV tasked with facilitating corporate volunteering projects in the borough on an annual basis, Haringey is hoping that these opportunities will increase throughout the coming years with projects lined up for 2013.

4.11 Graffiti
All graffiti of an obscene nature is removed within 24 hours and all other graffiti is removed within 5 working days. Graffiti is removed by the council’s waste management team on request via Leisure Operations. The council also has a ‘Graffiti Hotline’ that can be called by the general public to report graffiti in a public place.

4.12 Maintenance of Buildings, Equipment and Landscape
The Council holds a variety of paper based and digital records pertaining to the maintenance of buildings, equipment and landscape. Following the reorganisation of the Leisure Services in June 2011 a decision was made to rationalise this information to be maintained within the Councils Asset Management Database ‘Confirm’.

The completed data base will hold the following information:-
- Data on all assets in terms of the size, location, manufacturer and condition.
- Maintenance information in terms of how the asset will be maintained and by whom.
- Information on the cost of maintaining each asset or where the asset is maintained by volunteer input the value of that volunteer contribution to managing the site.
• Record all service enquiries, defects and adhoc work undertaken through to resolution.
• Performance monitoring information in terms of completed work and standards achieved.

Implementation Plan

Service enquiries went live in February 2012 and in the course of 2013 will also become part of a Haringey specific ‘Love Clean Streets’ initiative which will allow members of the public to record problems via their smart phone or internet. Members of the public will automatically be updated on the progress of their enquiry directly back to their phone or via email / text message.

Site survey data will be collected throughout 2012 and 2013 beginning with two tranches of data capture during February to April. The first 12 parks to have their data captured are:

**Tranche 1**
- Downhills Park
- Down Lane Recreation Ground
- Markfield Park
- Priory Park
- Stationers Park
- Tower Gardens

**Tranche 2**
- Chestnuts Park
- Albert Road Recreation Ground
- Bruce Castle Park
- Paignton Park
- Finsbury Park
- Woodside Park

Once the site survey information is updated and is contained within an all digital format the information will be enhanced by following the staged approach.

**Stage one**
Development of a map showing condition rating and location of assets. The condition rating will be based on the current Asset Management Plan standards of:
A = no works required
B = minor works required
C = major works required
D = replacement required

The works highlighted will then be prioritised according to urgency as per Table 6.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Priority</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Specification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Urgent</td>
<td>Immediate action required</td>
<td>Work, which if not carried out immediately will present a threat to the health and safety of people</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>High</td>
<td>Within 12 months</td>
<td>Work which does not present an immediate threat to the health and safety of people but could do so if not attended to within a reasonable period of time</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>Within 2 to 5 years</td>
<td>Work which should be undertaken as part of the normal building maintenance programme</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Low</td>
<td>Monitor deterioration</td>
<td>Work of a minor nature and should be monitored for further</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Stage two
Once condition of features is established, priorities will be set. In the first instance this will involve the replacement of unserviceable features.

Stage three
Stage three will involve a gap analysis of further bins, benches, signage, notice boards etc required.

Stage four
Stage four will bring together all the information compiled in order to draw up a ten-year maintenance plan for the borough. This plan will then be used to provide evidence to support resource bids.

Stage five
When the data set is complete it will be possible to calculate the replacement cost of each site in its entirety. Established tariffs exist to allow valuations to be put on mature trees and other living assets which do not otherwise have recognised replacement costs. An accurate reflection of the value of each park supports the sensible allocation of resources to maintenance and replacement.

4.13 Maintenance Zoning
Since our reshaping exercise, Leisure Operations has adjusted maintenance requirements. Leisure Operations will still undertake maintenance requirements as per previous zoning regimes. To supplement the reductions in outputs Leisure Services as a whole are currently engaging further with volunteers and other community groups.

A Volunteer Framework and Action Plan is currently being developed to detail how the council will work with volunteers, community groups and other organisations. Initially partnership agreements have been drawn up with Groundwork, The Conservation Volunteers and Metropolitan Police Service. The draft volunteer framework will be formalised by the Council’s Cabinet during the summer of 2013.

Review and monitoring of tasks is carried out via on site inspections, staff appraisals and contract monitoring within the QMS.

Albert Road Recreation Ground has the following areas to be managed:
- Grass
- Conservation area
- Bedding, (shrubs and roses)
- Beech hedge
- Mature and semi-mature trees
- Hard surfaces
- Railings
- Playground
- Bowling green

These areas are ‘zoned’ into areas of priority and frequency of maintenance.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Stage</th>
<th>Priority</th>
<th>Condition</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>No action required</td>
<td>In a condition that no work has been identified</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 8: Asset Management Prioritisation
The process of zoning ensures that all areas of the park are covered and that a relevant amount of attention is paid to each area according to its priority.

By assessing the work to be completed during the year, the annual grounds maintenance budget can be calculated and distributed proportionally to each zone. Tasks can also be allocated to partners / volunteer groups as specified in the Volunteer Action Plan. The zoning also helps to raise the standard of the park according to use.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Zone</th>
<th>Area Covered</th>
<th>Work to be done</th>
<th>Frequency</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>Gate areas and café</td>
<td>Litter collection</td>
<td>Daily</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>area</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>Playground area</td>
<td>Litter collection and general</td>
<td>Daily</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>clean up</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>Sports areas</td>
<td>Cut grass</td>
<td>18 cuts per year</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Mark out fields</td>
<td>When needed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td>Bowling green</td>
<td>Cut grass</td>
<td>Subject to review</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E</td>
<td>Conservation area</td>
<td>Cut grass</td>
<td>Twice annually</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F</td>
<td>Shrub areas</td>
<td>Cut back and weed</td>
<td>Once per year</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>G</td>
<td>Grass areas</td>
<td>Cut</td>
<td>12 cuts per year</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H</td>
<td>Hedge</td>
<td>Cut back</td>
<td>Once per year</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I</td>
<td>Path edges</td>
<td>Trim and cut back</td>
<td>Subject to review</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 9: Albert Road Recreation Ground zoning

Figure 3: Albert Road Recreation Ground maintenance zone areas
5 Sustainability

5.1 Environmental Policy
Leisure Services has an Environmental Policy and from this an environmental statement has been developed to cover its operations in parks and open spaces such as Albert Road Recreation Ground. This reads as follows:

The London Borough of Haringey Leisure Services aims to:
- participate in sustainable environmental practices and reduce the amount of non-sustainable practices where feasible;
- reduce the use of water on all parks sites and buildings;
- undertake nature conservation of local flora and fauna;
- promote environmental awareness in the local community;
- measure environmental performance against agreed standards.

The future development of Leisure Operations Environmental Management System (EMS) will link this statement with the current Quality Management System (QMS). Development of the EMS will require careful assessment as certain aspects are similar to the QMS whilst others will need to be created and maintained separately. A feasibility study has been completed and the action plan for implementation has been drawn up.

Pesticide Use
Leisure Operations Pesticide Policy outlines the requirements for appropriate handling, storage, usage and reduction in use of pesticides. It specifies the types of pesticide used and for what activities. All fuel and chemicals held at site offices are bunded, locked when not in use and records are made of incoming and outgoing material.

In order to reduce the use of pesticides and herbicides, weeds are first removed using manual controls. At non-priority sites where weeds can no longer be controlled manually, chemicals may be used. The main method of controlling weeds and slugs to increase moisture retention, is to spread a thick layer of recycled woodchip over the shrub beds in spring, topping it up in autumn. Although there is debate on whether or not this is good horticulture practice Leisure Service will continue with this practice until evidence proves it outweighs problems associated with herbicide use and environmental damage through transportation.

Some pesticides are used in Green Flag parks such as Albert Road Recreation Ground, to reduce weeds around static objects such as bins and benches, but this practice is kept to a minimum.

Sustainable use of materials
Leisure Operations refrains from the use of non-sustainable peat based products and challenges nursery suppliers to provide alternative supplies. Wolves Lane Nursery currently supplies Leisure Operations with the majority of annual bedding plants, all of which are now grown in peat free soil. Where procurement of other plants from other nurseries is required, peat free grown plants are requested.

Green waste recycling within Haringey parks continues to develop as different recycling avenues are explored. Where possible green waste is recycled on-site; grass cuttings are left on the grass; and hedge cuttings are mulched and placed under the hedge or in other areas of the park. Excess green waste is composted on
site in the staff yard. In autumn when a large amount of green waste is generated, that which cannot be used or composted on site is taken to North London Waste for recycling. The resulting compost can be collected for use in the parks and free compost is often given away at public events.

A monitoring system, which links in with the QMS, is in place to record the amount of green waste that is mulched on site and the amount that goes to North London Waste for recycling, as well as recording the percentage of green waste that is recycled. The system aims for 100% recycled green waste. Leaf litter is already composted on site and utilised by nearby allotments, so there is scope to compost other green waste on site.

Each year when spring and summer bedding is removed to make way for the next planting, it is made available to local residents to take home. Unwanted plants are then composted.

Our infrastructure procurement aim is to use recycled materials where possible. We aim to acquire recycled plastic benches where possible; or where timber is required we seek to use those from sustainable sources.

Recycling
Site offices recycle paper, plastic, cans, and glass. Currently these are taken to the main office and placed in the recycling collection point there. As part of the EMS, three recycling bin units were placed in Finsbury Park during 2008 as a trial, which proved successful. This has now been expanded to other key parks including Albert Road Recreation Ground. Recycling bins within the parks aim to be implemented as part of the EMS subject to cost effectiveness and in agreement with the Waste Management department.

Pollution reduction
Any new machinery is required to have low vibration levels and low emissions. Machinery is serviced on a regular basis, helping to ensure low emission and pollution levels. We also aim to reduce vehicle emissions through increasing the amount of on-site composting; and through reducing downtime caused by excessive travelling. Staff are required to stay on site for tea-breaks, only going back to their mess-room for lunch and home time. This policy has reduced the time spent driving in vehicles by up to 45mins per gardening team on any given day.

Bonfires are not used for safety reasons as well as health concerns resulting from the smoke.

Water efficiency
Drought resistant plants are increasingly being chosen by managers to ensure that they survive the drier and warmer months.

Buildings
Management of buildings within parks has now been handed over to the Council’s Corporate Property Services. Property Services comply with all environmental and sustainable issues relating to these buildings.

5.2 Biodiversity
In 2009 Haringey adopted a biodiversity action plan (BAP). This document informs the council’s approach to increasing biodiversity across all areas of its activities.
Parks and open spaces can make a significant contribution to achieving the council’s objectives for biodiversity.

‘Biodiversity is all around us: not just in wild places and nature reserves but also in our cities, the places we live and work, our farmland and our countryside. We are an integral part of this biodiversity and exert a major influence over it.’ (Natural England - Biodiversity)

The Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (DEFRA) lists the following numerous reasons why biodiversity matters;

- It plays an important role in tackling climate change.
- It is an indicator of the wider health of our environment.
- It helps to sustain local economies.
- It supports other vital services that sustain life on earth (Ecosystem Services).
- It contributes to our health and wellbeing.
- It is an important part of our cultural heritage and identity.
- It offers opportunities for community engagement and volunteering.
- It provides us with essential products and materials.
- We have a responsibility to conserve biodiversity.

The Biodiversity Action Plan contains the following recommendations for parks and green spaces.

5.3 Parks and Green Spaces Habitat Action Plan

Vision Statement

- To encourage good conservation practice in parks and green spaces across the London Borough of Haringey, respecting their varied functions and the aspirations of local communities.
- To improve access to nature in Haringey’s parks and green spaces, particularly in areas of deficiency in access to natural green space.
- To raise awareness of the importance of parks, squares and green spaces in the conservation of Haringey’s biodiversity.

Targets

- Target 1 – Raise awareness of how parks management can be improved to enhance access to nature for Haringey residents and visitors.
- Target 2 – Undertake biodiversity improvement work in a minimum of 10 LB Haringey parks and green spaces by 2015.
- Target 3 – Increase the number of volunteers recording wildlife in Haringey’s parks and green spaces.

5.4 Conservation Interests at Albert Road Recreation Ground

Albert Road Recreation Ground is a local Site of Importance for Nature Conservation (SINC), forming the southern end of a much larger wildlife corridor extending northward to the boundary with LB Barnet.

It is largely short mown, but contains areas of rough grassland and planted birch (Betula pendula) woodland. It also contains a few fine mature oak (Quercus robur) trees. The main nature conservation interest is a row of old oaks and hornbeams (Carpinus betulus), interspersed with hawthorn (Crataegus monogyna), along the northern edge of the recreation ground. This is probably a relic of an ancient hedge.

There is a range of habitats
• Amenity grassland
• Hedge
• Planted shrubbery
• Scattered trees
• Secondary woodland
• Semi-improved neutral grassland
• Veteran trees

5.5 Conservation Action Plan
At the end of 2012 TCV developed a Conservation Action Plan for Albert Road Recreation Ground, in partnership with Leisure Services and the Friends.

Actions from these Plans will form the basis of not only TCVs work programme throughout 2013 and beyond, but details conservation opportunities that other partners and stakeholders can work on and areas that can be developed when opportunities arise.
Grassland Habitats

G6. Wildflower meadow
- Monitor fauna & flora and produce interpretation boards for wildlife area's
- Scarify turf heavily annually. Dec/Jan
- Cut a 2 mtr wide grass path through the meadow to the pond. Mow regular
- Sow summer wildflower seed and/or plant plugs if required. April-May
- Introduce Yellow Rattle to control pernicious grasses. April-May
- Cut 75% in late Sept/Oct after perennial flowering has died back.
- The remaining 25% cut back early spring.
- Rotate this pattern over 4 year cycle. Rake off cuttings

G1, G2, G3. Long grass strips.
- Monitor fauna & flora and produce interpretation boards for wildlife area's
- Allow 2 metre wide strip of no mow long-grass border and introduce wildflower perennials
- Cut 75% in Sept/Oct when perennial seeds have set and the remaining 25% in March/April.
- Monitor fauna and flora throughout the growing season.
- G7: Reduce mowing to once every 4 weeks to produce a softer gradient into the woodland

G4. Herb rich grassland.
To allow the development of the low growing lawn perennials
- Reduce mowing to every 4 weeks. Raise cut height to 5-7cm

G5. Woodland Pasture
- Scatter bulbs over lawn areas and plant in situ: Oct/Nov
  - Winter/spring flowering Crocus.
  - Snowdrops.
  - Grape Hyacinths.
  - Anemone blanda.
  - Primroses
  - Daffodils
- Monitor Fauna and flora. On-going
- Mow between May and Oct
Woodland Habitats

W1. Woodland
- Monitor shrubs and trees.
- Crown-lift and lightly thin out to allow in more light if required. On-going. Dec-Feb
- Monitor and record herb layer
- Install Stag Beetle Loggeries
- Plant woodland perennials. Oct. March/May
  - Lesser Celandine
  - Bluebells
  - Ramsons
  - Aconites
  - Sweet Violet
  - Opposite-Leaved Golden Saxifrage
- Cut back 50% of woodland edge 2m annually, to control scrub encroachment. Nov/Feb

W2. Young Hedge
- Plant up the gaps and mulch along the hedgerow. Jan-March
- Weed and water in the first year. On-going
- Mulch and weed around new plants for first 3 years. Jan-March

W3. New Hedge
- Plant a new section of hedge in a two row zig-zag pattern. Jan/March
- Weed and water in the first year. On-going
- Mulch and weed around new plants for first 3 years. Jan-March
- When developed, trim 50% of the hedgerows alternate years. Dec/Feb

W4. Hedgerow
- Trim 50% of the inside hedgerow alternate years. Dec/Feb
- Trim full length of the hedge growing onto the Albert Rd footpath twice a year. Dec/Feb and June/July
Wildlife Pond & Wetland Garden

- Create a pond and associated wetland. Ensure that part of the edge of the pond blends into a semi-wild area to allow animals to visit in safety.

- Stock with clean native aquatic species only. March/June
  - Free floating oxygenators; Water crowfoot, Water milfoil, Hornwort, Curled pondweed, Water starwort
  - Floating leaved plants: Filigree water lily, Amphibious bistort, Water soldier, Frogbit, Broad leaved pondweed
  - Marginal:s; Flowering rush, Water plantain, Brooklime, Yellow iris, Arrowhead, Marsh Marigold
  - Marsh plants; Meadowsweet, Water figwort, Purple loosestrife, Soft rush, Valerian, Ragged robin, Pendulous sedge

- Construct a dipping platform

- Construct a post and rail fence and gate.

- Plant boarders of native perennial wildflowers. Oct/Nov - March/April
  - Golden rod, Samson, Meadow Cranes-bill, Lavender
  - Hop trefoil, Hedge woundwort, Stinking iris
  - Wild strawberry, Salad burnet, Common Agrimony
  - Common Storks-bill, Stinking heliotrope, Ypies bugloss
  - Ox-eye daisy, Tansy, Marigold, Primrose

- Plant, water and mulch native fruit trees to give the pond some dappled afternoon shade.
- Weed and water in the first year. On going
- Mulch and weed around trees for first 3 years. Jan-March
- Install a Stag Beetle Loggery and log habitat pile

- Install interpretation board

- Monitor and record frogspawn, toad spawn and adult amphibians in the pond. February/May
- Remove any rubbish from the pond as soon as it is noticed
- Clear marginal plants spreading into the centre of the pond from its ‘reading front’, on the inner side of the margin. This leaves the landward side as undisturbed habitat. Nov/Jan. Leave the dead stems and leaves of the marginal’s over winter
- Check dipping platform, to make sure it remains safe. Replace any damaged decking. Keep gate and in good repair. On-going
- Accumulated silt should be dug out, clearing only a part of the pond in a season. Nov/Jan
### Grassland Management Timeline

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>January</th>
<th>February</th>
<th>March</th>
<th>April</th>
<th>May</th>
<th>June</th>
<th>July</th>
<th>August</th>
<th>September</th>
<th>October</th>
<th>November</th>
<th>December</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Scarify wildflower meadow</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>25%</td>
<td>25%</td>
<td>25%</td>
<td>25%</td>
<td>25%</td>
<td>25%</td>
<td>25%</td>
<td>25%</td>
<td>25%</td>
<td>25%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cut summer flowering meadow and long grass, strip, rake off cuttings</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Monthly mowing</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Woodland Management Timeline

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>January</th>
<th>February</th>
<th>March</th>
<th>April</th>
<th>May</th>
<th>June</th>
<th>July</th>
<th>August</th>
<th>September</th>
<th>October</th>
<th>November</th>
<th>December</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mulch and weed doing Hedgerows</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>W4</td>
<td>W4</td>
<td>W4</td>
<td>W4</td>
<td>W4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plant perennials and bulbs</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Monitor and record ground flora, Insect, Trees</td>
<td>W1</td>
<td>W1</td>
<td>W1</td>
<td>W1</td>
<td>W1</td>
<td>W1</td>
<td>W1</td>
<td>W1</td>
<td>W1</td>
<td>W1</td>
<td>W1</td>
<td>W1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trim 50% Hedgerow alternate years</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Monitor and record Butterflies</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*London Borough of Haringey*
6 Community Involvement

6.1 Haringey Parks and Open Spaces Volunteer Framework

The Government’s spending review 2010 set out an intention to work with the voluntary sector and community groups to develop investment opportunities in public services.

Haringey Council’s ‘Voluntary Sector Strategy 2011-2016’ and the ‘Commissioning and Funding Framework for the Voluntary Sector’ set out a borough-wide approach to the support of the Voluntary Sector in Haringey. The documents have been produced to help us meet the challenges and opportunities emerging from changes to the public sector.

As part of a wider significant budget reduction within the Council, the budget for provision of the management and operation of Haringey’s parks and open spaces has reduced by 51%, effective from 1 April 2011.

Against this context Leisure Services is currently exploring the potential for volunteering to mitigate/improve the Service developing a Framework and Action Plan. This framework will set out the future approach towards the management, operation and ongoing development of volunteering in parks and open spaces. If agreed, the Framework will be implemented in 2013, subject to the outcome of consultation.

Purpose of the Volunteer Framework

The Framework sets out the approach that Leisure Services will take to allocate resources to the voluntary sector in terms of assessing priority needs for the service, developing partner service agreements, available revenue, and determining how delivery is implemented, monitored and evaluated.
The project will examine how volunteering in parks and open spaces might be developed and enhanced.

Principles of the Parks Volunteering Framework
In this context the approach to the Framework includes:
- management and maintenance
- safety and Security
- engagement and Inclusion
- provision of activities

Objectives
- to commission an agency to act as the volunteer coordinating link
- establish a base line for practical volunteering hours, excluding meetings and administration
- to produce an Action Plan to deliver a range of parks tasks performed by volunteers to a quality assured standard.
- to resource and maintain a motivated competent pool of parks volunteers to undertake a range of park operational tasks
- to produce a volunteers Handbook to provide information and code of practice

The Approach
The overarching approach will link to Council criteria:
- council priorities
- sustainable Community Strategy outcomes
- maximising outcomes
- impact, effect on community service delivery
- maximising value for money – including short and long-term savings
- local connection/presence in Haringey

The Council shall with its partners:
- identify gaps in service delivery
- determine what one-off tasks or minor park projects could be achieved through corporate volunteering or through schemes such as Community Payback
- determine what level of volunteering is feasible by park or local area.
- determine the roles of TCV and Groundwork London and HAVCO to avoid duplication of effort
- determine overall resource requirements and how these might be provided.
- identify organisations who might provide specialist volunteering (river, frog life)
- provide volunteers with support through training, information and safety.
- adapt existing recruitment processes to engage volunteers
- produce a volunteer handbook with all policies and operational guidelines
- investigate good practice occurring elsewhere.
- ensure that new Framework is complementary to wider Council initiatives for volunteering
- compare the costs and outcomes achieved from direct service delivery versus volunteering.

Parks Operations – tasks retained
The tasks retained by Parks operations include:
- all grass cutting and strimming including wild flower meadows
- basic shrub and horticultural maintenance
- pitch and sports marking out
- hygiene - litter collection and tidying
- hedge cutting
- established trees maintenance
- path sweeping
- path edging
- playground, outdoor gyms & ball court safety checks

Volunteering
People and organisations become involved in volunteering for a variety of reasons and there are accepted opportunities, threats, risks, advantages and disadvantages associated with volunteering. What is certain is that volunteering has a cost, which has to be measured against benefit.

‘Volunteer England’ defines a regular volunteer as someone who volunteers at least once per month, and splits volunteering into two categories:
- formal volunteering – giving unpaid help through groups, clubs or organisations to benefit other people or the environment
- informal volunteers – giving unpaid help as an individual to people who are not relatives.

Volunteer Tasks – (those suitable to be undertaken)
The following parks operational tasks are set for rationalisation / change to facilitate less frequent maintenance / change of use, and thus would be suitable for consideration as Volunteer tasks at local park level:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Shrub beds</th>
<th>Ponds</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rose beds</td>
<td>Hanging baskets</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flower beds</td>
<td>Grass box cutting</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Habitat areas</td>
<td>Path edging &amp; detritus removal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Conservation areas</td>
<td>Flower bed edging &amp; detritus removal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Young trees</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Planning for Volunteers
There needs to be a consensus amongst stakeholders including decision makers and Friends Groups, parks management, staff and trade unions that promoting more volunteering in parks should occur.

Acceptance that although volunteering is given free, that there are associated costs to be budgeted for:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Volunteer’s expenses</th>
<th>Materials</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Training costs</td>
<td>Tools</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Staff time</td>
<td>Uniform and PPE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Provider agency time</td>
<td>insurances</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The Council has engaged Groundwork to develop a community led approach to maintaining local open spaces. Where Friends groups have shown an early interest
in this approach this is being explored through the development of Community Action Plans (CAPs).

CAPs are relatively simple plans of the park, drawn up by Groundwork London’s landscape architects. They identify the key features of the park including the layout, the plants, trees and other vegetation, any play areas, water features or other, as well as paths and entrances.

The first CAP, produced for Stationers Park N8, has the following features:

- images of which plants are in the park
- details of weeds which may emerge and images to help identify them
- a timeline over the year, showing which tasks need to be done when, for the upkeep of the park

To supplement the CAP and help make it useable by volunteers, a series of associated ‘project sheets’ has been developed. These detail different activities that volunteers can get involved with in the park to help maintain it and keep it looking its best. The project sheets aim to support volunteering and demonstrate how all levels of involvement (from basic tasks to more complicated ones) are highly valuable in terms of the quality of open space,

Overtime and where there is interest this approach further CAPs will be produced.

6.2 Friends Forum

Haringey residents have proved to be committed to protecting and improving open space within the borough and there over 40 separate Friends of Parks groups, including one for Albert Road Recreation Ground, as well as a borough-wide Haringey Friends of Parks Forum which meets 6 times a year.

The Forum was set up by Friends Groups as an independent network in 2002, one of the first to be established in London. The Forum provides an opportunity for Friends Groups to work together for the good of Haringey's green spaces. The Forum’s ‘What We Do and How We Do It’ document describes the work of the Friends Groups as such:

Friends Groups do a huge amount and put in thousands of hours of volunteer time to:

- help develop maintenance and management plans for our parks and green spaces
- raise funds for improvements needed
- prevent inappropriate development in parks and green spaces
- plant trees, shrubs and flowers and help create play areas, seating and other facilities
- conduct regular walkabouts with parks staff and produce maintenance updates
- organise activities that encourage local residents to safely use their local open spaces, including festivals involving up to thousands of local people

The forum goes on to explain it’s own work: The Forum has been effective in lobbying and campaigning for

- better planning policies as they affect open spaces
- more ambitious and effective open space standards
- greater levels of on-site staffing
- giving support to individual Friends Groups
Friends Groups communicate and co-ordinate through the Forum’s email list. The Friends Groups liaise closely with the Council’s Leisure Services, and have been key agents in helping to bring in millions of pounds in external funding to improve facilities for local people. They have worked with the Council on achieving Green Flag status for many parks and open spaces. The Forum is supported by Leisure Services and Leisure Officers attend a session during the Forum’s meetings to take note of each local Friends Group’s issues, and to discuss wider issues of common concern. The Council is publicly committed to active partnership working with Friends Groups and the Forum, and minutes of all Forum minutes are displayed on the Council’s website.

The Forum works with Haringey Federation of Residents Associations and the Haringey Allotments Forum. It also links up with similar grass-roots residents’ Forums and networks throughout the UK through the London Friends Groups Network and the National Federation of Parks and Green Spaces.

6.3 Friends of Albert Road Recreation Ground
The Friends of Albert Road Recreation Ground is made up of local residents and was formed in autumn 2001. They meet formally on a monthly basis throughout the year and are also represented on the Haringey Parks Friends Forum. The Friends of Albert Road Recreation Ground play a pivotal role in ensuring that community aspirations are brought to fruition within the park. They are also active in involving the local community through a range of activities and events in the park.

The Friends make the most of the recent improvements, particularly around the tennis courts. The Friends are also anxious to see the partnerships which are currently in place recognised formally, perhaps by asking participants to sign up to a charter.

Information regarding meeting schedules and ways to join or help out with the Friends group are obtainable by visiting the café and talking to staff. The Friends have their own website www.farrg.org.uk. Contact details are also available on the information board outside the café. Or email: info@farrg.org.uk

Figure 4: Young footballers
6.4 Other Organisations Involved in Albert Road Recreation Ground

Rhodes Avenue Primary School
A mixed community school for pupils aged 3-11 years with just under 500 students on its roll. Roughly 20% of its pupils are from ethnic minorities. Two classes from the Blanche Neville School for the hearing impaired are based at Rhodes Avenue and the pupils concerned are integrated into a number of lessons and activities.

Rhodes Avenue School can be contacted by calling: 020 8888 2859 or via email: RhodesAvenuePrimary.School@haringey.gov.uk

Figure 5: Bulb planting

Alexandra Park School
This School is a mixed comprehensive community secondary school for 11 – 18 year olds. The school opened in September 1999. It currently has 1120 pupils on the roll, and is a specialist science school.

The school, although on five acres of land, has little room for sporting activities and thus uses the western field in Albert Road Recreation Ground on a regular basis. A nominal fee is paid for the use of this field.

Alexandra Park School can be contacted by calling: 020 8826 4880 or via email: admin@alexandrapark.haringey.sch.uk.

Sunshine Garden Centre
The Sunshine Garden Centre is developed on land where a lido used to be situated. The garden centre was opened in 1991 and is a thriving local business which is recognised both locally and nationally, having won many national customer service awards. They have sponsored the Haringey in Bloom competition for many years and donate both money and supplies to local schools.

Sunshine Garden Centre can be contacted on 020 8889 4224.

6.5 Sporting Involvement - Pavilion Tennis
Pavilion Tennis, whose owner, Robby Sukhdeo, also runs the café in Albert Road Recreation Ground and is a member of the Friends of Albert Road Recreation Group, provides coaching facilities for all ages. Fees are low and the
facilities are advertised in local schools. Children can compete in a variety of championships. Summer camps are also held where a limited number of children receive concentrated tennis coaching as well as learning life skills.

In June 2010 the newly refurbished, floodlit adult and junior tennis courts were opened at Albert Road Recreation Ground by Former French Open champion and BBC presenter Sue Barker, and former US Open finalist Greg Rusedski.

The new tennis facilities were unveiled thanks to a £300,000 grant from the Lawn Tennis Association (LTA) with support from Sport England, and funding from Haringey Council.

The site was also awarded Beacon status from the Tennis Foundation in recognition of its high quality, affordable community tennis programmes as part of AEGON Parks Tennis.

The Tennis Foundation has worked in close partnership with Haringey Council, inspirational coach and site manager Robby Sukhdeo, and the LTA, to drive forward the development as part of its wider work across the Borough and London to increase access to tennis.

The grant funded the upgrading of the site to six floodlit Macadam courts, four mini tennis courts and a practice wall. The improved facilities and the floodlighting mean a significant increase in the amount of available court time for community.

The investment is part of the LTA and Tennis Foundation’s drive to get more people – of all ages, abilities and backgrounds - playing tennis.

The funding has been provided as part of British Tennis’ Places to Play strategy which has received substantial investment from Sport England through its Whole Sport Plan funding for tennis.

This makes a crucial contribution to tennis’ drive to increase the opportunities for people to participate, compete and get access to coaching at all levels of the game in communities nationwide.

The LTA makes financial support available through its resources and ensures investments will deliver the maximum return for British Tennis through more people playing and more hours on the court across Britain. There will be an increase in the number and standard of facilities nationwide which will be available to the whole community at a reasonable, affordable cost.

Robby has travelled the world with the LTA sharing his vision, enthusiasm and model with others wanting to provide tennis for all.

Pavilion Tennis can be contacted via email: robsukhdeo@hotmail.com, by visiting the café or by calling 020 8365 8889.
7 Conservation and Heritage

7.1 Site History
A century ago Durnsford Road did not exist, however, Albert Road with a brook running along the bottom edge of the land did. Locally there was no housing nearby, but not too far away was a clay pit and a works known locally as the brickworks, which was in operation until the first part of the 20th century.

The land on which Albert Road Recreation Ground now lies used to be an informal open space, which locals used in the early 1900s for recreation. When the recreation ground was officially formed in the early 1900s, it was half its present size with the main gate near what is now Clifton Road. Albert Road Recreation Ground was later extended to its present size and in 1925 a combined tennis and bowling club with a small pavilion (that was later extended) was built, and mini golf added. There was a small café operating before the Second World War, but it closed soon after the war ended.
In the 1920s Durnsford Road was built and in the early 1930s the lido was constructed, which was very modern for its time. Film of residents enjoying the facilities can be found in the BBC archives. The pool was bombed during the war and later restored, but it eventually fell into disrepair and closed in the 1980s. In 1991 the old lido was bought by the Sunshine Garden Centre which has since transformed the area and has become active in supporting and sponsoring park activities in the borough.

Sporting facilities for both children and adults have always been part of Albert Road Recreation Ground’s role as a neutral public place and continue to do so. The Friends Group organises events in partnership with the Council. The Pavilion Café provides clean changing and toilet facilities and a warm welcoming café. Pavilion Tennis, leaseholder of the café, has ensured a renewed interest in the tennis courts with coaching available for all ages and abilities.

7.2 Queen Elizabeth II Award

In November 2011 as part of the preparations for Her Majesty the Queen’s Diamond Jubilee, Fields in Trust (formerly National Playing Fields Association - NPFA) launched a campaign to protect 2012 outdoor recreational spaces in communities all across the country as a permanent living legacy of this event.

The scheme is similar to those run in the past that created the King George V playing fields which can be found in many towns. Through a deed of dedication the site is protected in perpetuity from future development. Nominations were sought from local authorities for recreational spaces in their area.

Haringey put forward four sites:
- Albert Road Recreation Ground, N22 – (624 votes)
- Lordship Recreation Ground, N17 – (221 votes)
- Down Lane Recreation Ground, N17 – (153 votes)
- Muswell Hill Playing Fields, N10 – (413 votes)

Approximately 800 parks across the country were nominated for QEII status – protection in perpetuity. 10 London boroughs nominated a total of 27 London parks.

A public vote on the nominations was carried out under the title of ‘Save a Space for Me’.

Albert Road Recreation Ground in Haringey received the second highest number of votes in the country and in London (624).

Legal steps have now completed the official dedication of Albert Road Rec. Fields in Trust has provided a plaque which now sits on the wall of the Pavilion.

Fields in Trust has established a fund that can only be accessed by Queen Elizabeth II Fields. £1m funding is available to QE2 sites and each QE2 park may bid for a maximum of £10k. Lordship and Down Lane have both been successful in accessing £10k each and officers are working with Friends at Muswell Hill Playing Fields and Albert Road Rec to put forward bids for these parks. It is currently planned to use the £10k as match funding for upgraded changing rooms at Albert Road Recreation Ground which the Friends are leading on with support from Leisure Services.
7.3 Fields in Trust UK Awards 2012
In November 2012 Albert Road Recreation Ground was declared the UK national winner in the ‘Getting Most Active Park’ category of the Fields in Trust inaugural national awards.

The Award recognises the need to increase participation in sport as part of the wider Olympic legacy and rewarded Albert Road Recreation Ground for its achievements in increasing activity in tennis and football for men, women and juniors and encouraging people to participate in basketball, running clubs, an outdoor gym and netball sessions.

The Fields in Trust Awards celebrate and reward the overall achievements of local community volunteers, local authorities and organisations who have helped safeguard in perpetuity outdoor recreational space across the country.

Albert Road Recreation Ground was also the UK national joint runner up in the ‘Most Loved Park’ category.

Peter Droussiotis Chair of FARRG said: ‘Thanks to the combined efforts of FARRG and of our key partners, notably the Pavilion Sports & Café and Haringey Council, and the work of so many dedicated volunteers, and because of the support of the local community, which has championed this park at every opportunity, we have secured yet another important national recognition for our local park.

‘This is a fantastic level of success for a relatively small park in this National competition and feels like a true reflection of the spirit and energy of all those involved. Well done to all.’

The Awards were collected by a FARRG delegation comprising Robby Sukhdeo (FARRG Events Co-ordinator and Manager of Pavilion Sports and Cafe), Gianluca Lo Iacono (FARRG treasurer/Webmaster), Tony Healey (FARRG Committee Member and Haringey Council Park’s Deputy Manager) and Neil Armstrong (Haringey Council Park’s Operative).

8 Marketing
8.1 The Marketing Approach
Marketing Albert Road Recreation Ground involves more than simply publicising and promoting the park, it also involves listening to the users of the park. A common phrase associated with marketing is ‘putting the customer at the centre of the business’. This section of the plan will firstly outline how facilities and activities at Albert Road Recreation Ground are promoted and publicised and secondly how Albert Road Recreation Ground users are positioned at the centre of the business.
8.2 Publicity

Haringey.gov.uk

The Haringey website contains extensive information on the borough’s parks and open spaces, including Albert Road Recreation Ground, and details the provision of the Parks Service. Information such as locations, facilities and transport links for all Haringey parks and open spaces is available. Policy information such as the Parks and Open Spaces Strategy which draws upon a range of information and seeks to establish a longer term vision for the borough’s parks and open spaces is also available.

More recently information detailing the Council’s partnerships with the Friends, TCV, the Metropolitan Police and Groundwork is now available online.

Detailed information on the Green Flag Award with clear links to the Green Flag park pages within the LBH site can be viewed.

22% of respondents to the 09/10 residents survey prefer to find out information via the web.

Events Listings

Listings for events taking place in the borough’s parks can be submitted to the web team for inclusion on the Haringey website’s ‘What’s On’ page.

This submission can be made internally by a council service or externally by an organisation or individual. Details of how to make this submission are included on the events confirmation letter, sent to all groups holding events within the parks, encouraging submission.

VisitLondon.com

In November 2007 a special feature on Haringey appeared on the Visit London website. In this feature Haringey’s parks were mentioned with a link to the park pages on the Haringey website.

8.4 Publications

What’s On Guide

As well as the online version of the What’s On Guide (detailed above), a monthly paper copy is printed and distributed detailing events and activities taking place in the borough’s libraries and parks and open spaces.

Between 1,600 and 2,500 are printed and distributed via Haringey’s 9 libraries, leisure centres, customer service centres, museum and park cafes.

Friends Groups and other park stakeholders are asked for their submissions on a monthly basis.

Your Parks, Sports and Leisure Facilities

A leaflet showing a map of the borough highlighting all parks, sports and leisure facilities helps to market Haringey’s parks. This leaflet is produced once a year, and is distributed to all council reception points, libraries, community centres and park cafes for the public to take away.

Not only are all of the borough’s parks and open spaces marked on this map, but the Green Flag award winning parks are highlighted by having the Green Flag logo printed over them. This map also shows the parks facilities.
Haringey People
Haringey People is the Council magazine, distributed six times a year by direct mail to all households within the borough. The magazine is produced by the Council’s Central Communications Team which has editorial control over the content.

Independent research shows that Haringey People is the source most often used by residents to obtain information about the Council (45% of respondents to 09/10 residents’ survey). A number of articles are published each year promoting the borough’s parks.

8.4 Campaigns
Better Haringey Programme
Better Haringey was the Council’s flagship environmental improvement programme, launched in September 2003, with the aim of improving the quality of life for people in Haringey, by tackling some of the borough’s biggest problems and making it one of the cleanest boroughs in London.

During the campaign’s 7 year reign over £20m was invested to make Haringey ‘Cleaner, Greener and Safer.’ Better Haringey was one of the council’s five key priorities and was key to realising its ambition of being a top-performing London borough.

As part of the programme, funding was sought to allow for major improvements in many of the council run parks in Haringey, therefore becoming part of the programmes established and well received publicity campaign that was continually run.

In July 2007 a Better Haringey advertising and publicity campaign was launched with the aim of promoting the borough’s parks. The strap line used was ‘Parks to be proud of. Love your borough.’

The campaign saw advertising at tube stations, on buses and on billboards throughout Haringey. Adverts were also placed in Haringey People and local newspapers and a media assault was launched to promote various initiatives within the parks.

2013 Campaigns
A number of publicity campaigns are expected to run throughout 2013 to highlight key issues affecting the borough’s parks and open spaces. These include:

- Litter awareness campaign – encouraging users to dispose of their litter responsibly, focusing on specific hotspot areas at key points in the year
- Neighbourhood Watches – encouraging creation of new watches and increased membership
- Trees – awareness campaign aimed at key points through the year, highlighting tree planting, tree maintenance and removal and why, national tree week
- Volunteering and Friends Groups – promoting the work groups do and the benefits they bring
- Love Parks Week
8.5 The Greenest Borough Strategy
The Greenest Borough Strategy was adopted in July 2008 and sets out how the Council will take forward actions to tackle climate change and embed environmental sustainability into everything it does.

Activities in the strategy are broken down into seven priority areas, with parks mainly aligned to the priority ‘Protecting the natural environment’ where key objectives include:
- adapt to the impact of climate change on green and open spaces
- actively manage biodiversity
- improve open spaces through partnership action
- increase the use, awareness, appreciation and involvement in our green spaces.

8.6 Virtual Tours
There are now virtual tours for four Haringey parks including Albert Road Recreation Ground. This allows the viewer to see a number of locations from around a park using 360 degree images. The virtual tour promotes the park and its facilities and gives the viewer the opportunity to view the park before they visit.

The tour can be accessed through links from the Haringey website or by going directly to www.seeharingeyparks.org.

8.7 Sponsorship
Tree and Bench Sponsorship
Leisure Operations runs a scheme where members of the public can sponsor the planting of a tree or the installation of a bench in any Council run park and open space. This can be done to commemorate a loved one or an event. The sponsor pays for the item and planting / installation, thereafter Leisure Operations maintains it subject to certain conditions. Should sponsors wish to, they can also help in maintaining their item.

8.8 Consultation and Market Research
Users of Albert Road Recreation Ground are able to contribute to the management of the park by completing a form known as QAF 32. This form is incorporated into the quality management system operated in Haringey, and allows anyone to comment on the standard of facilities within the park. There is no limitation on the number of times this form can be completed.

Other channels available to the public include the on-line survey ‘Your Visit’ available on the Haringey website. This survey is advertised on the back of many signs and notice boards within Haringey’s Parks. The Haringey website is constantly updated to provide the wider public with information on all of the LBH Park sites and promote upcoming events.

Park users are also able to provide feedback by calling or email the parks services. All contact details are widely promoted on notice boards within the parks.

Until 2009 Haringey commissioned Ken McAnespie Consultants (KMC) to conduct an annual survey of the boroughs residents regarding their use (or non-use) of open spaces in Haringey. The data is aggregated to produce summary information that allows comparisons to be drawn across time or across different areas. Respondents are also given the opportunity to add comments and suggestions.
8.9 2013 Park User Survey

In December 2012/January 2013 a survey was conducted to gauge park user perception of the borough’s parks and open spaces. Feedback from this survey will be used to inform where improvements are wanted and where resources can be directed when available.

The survey was published online with a few paper copies available from park cafes, libraries and council reception points.

835 responses were received. Of these:
- 698 respondents used a Haringey managed park
- 127 respondents completed the survey on a non Haringey managed park, such as Highgate Wood and Alexandra Park
- 14 respondents stated they never used a Haringey park and gave the main reasons as being they didn’t have time or they weren’t safe

75 responses were received regarding Albert Road Recreation Ground, the fourth most popular site.

Table 10: Number of surveys received per park
When asked if they felt the condition of the park had got better or worse since January 2011 the response was as follows:

![Bar chart showing change in condition of park since 2011]

**Table 11: Change in condition of park since 2011**

When asked how safe they felt using the park, responses were as follows:

![Bar chart showing perception of safety]

**Table 12: Perception of safety**
Respondents rated the facilities within the park as follows, with 1 = poor, 2 = fair, 3 = good and 4 = excellent.

![Graph showing average score of facilities within site](image)

**Table 13: Average score of facilities within site**

Reasons given for using Albert Road Recreation Ground were:

![Graph showing reasons for using park](image)

**Table 14: Reasons for using park**
Frequency of use

Table 15: Frequency of use

Time of day users visit

Table 16: Time of day visited
Time spent in park

![Bar chart showing time spent in park]

**Table 17: Time spent on site**

Comments provided on how the user experience could be improved were as follows:

- Play ground needs looking at - always water logged and awful concrete
- Lighting on paths at night can be poor
- More lighting, more areas for children to play football (not grass only due to mud!)
  Some areas could be made more attractive with planting/flowerbeds
- better lighting
- Lighting along the path after dark - as it feels unsafe to use the paths after dark.
- By improving the children's play area
- Both the male and female toilets could be refurbished. The young children’s playground gets very muddy after rain, meaning parts of the playground are unusable without wellies.
- Better toilets! More landscaping with plants, flowers and shrubs seem a bit few and far between. Shorter queues in the cafe at summertime!
- Better toilets, more flowers, shorter queues in cafe during summer!
- More activities for children and young people
- Much higher quality planting of flowers and shrubs; much more creative/interesting outdoor play equipment/areas for kids;
- improve the toilets, they are disgusting.
- More litter bins, particularly near access on north side
- better lighting
- I use it in the summer for fitness exercises. Would be good to organise fitness classes during summer and winter in the park.
- Better lighting in the evenings would be good. Later opening times of the cafe and maybe social group evenings in the cafe, poetry classes, music classes etc.
- Improve the toilets
- improve or replace the drainage in the children's playground as it frequently floods and is unusable
- Plant more trees in the children's playground - shade for children playing and parents sitting on benches.
- Improve the playground
- We all love community events and would love to see more.
- More well thought out play areas for kids. Clearer info about activities in the park i.e football, for tennis there is great publicity. Perhaps a shaded area that you could shelter under and continue to be outside with the kids.
- better safety
- Better toilet facilities. Bigger, better cafe.
- Cut hedges more often
- Improve Lighting!
- Both playgrounds need better maintenance. Poor ground drainage is the main problem, especially under the various bits of apparatus, followed by litter.
- Tightly control on dog poo, better litter picking from the fields after the school kids have been in (make them do it as school punishment!) The pavilion needs painting, looking very shabby on the outside
- Some lighting along the paths, reduce water logging in the children's play area, enlarge the cafe with a 'child free' zone, making the Polish girls in the cafe more friendly.
- By providing better toilets, more seating and by adding more plants
- Changing rooms being provided for the tennis/football
- Work with Alexandra Park School to reduce littering by students
- The cafe and tennis facilities run by Robbie are outstanding, though I think it is about time the children's playground had an overhaul - more swings, more interesting climbing equipment (have you seen Broomfield? Something similar but evidently on a smaller scale!)
- They cancelled the 2 scheduled walk that used this park. If they were reinstated I would do that twice a week.
- Improve drainage to the children's play area. Currently unusable after wet weather.
- Plant more trees/bushes at the bottom of park to screen off sound of traffic
- We could do more activities such as vollyball or a big football match using all the fields for 9-13
- Sort out blocked drains in children's playground - frequent flooding over last year after small bouts of rain. Previous years this was never a problem.
- Put lighting in the park
- Better toilet facilities
- Although still safe, there is some drug life among secondary school youths. Better cleanliness
- The litter is APPALLING during term time. School children leave food and filth all over the park. They should NOT have food in the park.
- Better toilet facilities which are clean and stocked in hand soap and tissue.
- I only go at safe times - would not go there at night for example. Drain the puddles in the tarmac area.
- More bins, more benches, more mature trees (for shade in the summer) but most of all better lighting and drainage of the pitches which are awful.
- The main playground needs improvement. It is often flooded in bad weather, and the area by the entrance has a very rough surface which hurts the children if they fall on it, and is old and shabby.
- Improve drainage of areas used for football
- Better lighting for the winter months of pathways and in general. Better youth sports activities like Table tennis area.
- Better toilets
- Hard to say.
- Improve the weather!
- More after dark policing, more regular policing, more contact with youths in the park after dark when they congregate there by community or other officers
- Better toilets - more of them, cleaner.
- The children playground become big amount of weather daddle when it rains. The childrens gate hasn't got a lock.
8.10 Residents Survey
The Haringey Residents’ Survey is undertaken each year to measure residents' satisfaction with and perception of the council’s services. Results are used by council departments to improve services and to measure the effectiveness of initiatives undertaken throughout the previous year.

Between 2001 and 2010 perceived service delivery with parks and open spaces had continuously increased from 34% of residents thinking service delivery was good to excellent, to 69% in 2010. The 2011 survey shows a fall in satisfaction to 65%.

In 2011 an extra question regarding safety in parks and open spaces was added. This showed that 85% of those surveyed felt either very safe or safe when using the borough’s parks and open spaces.

At the time of writing it is unknown when the next residents survey is due, but the council’s new Chief Executive appointed in December 212 has prioritised improving customer service and driving the implementation of the Residents Strategy during 2013/14. This will ensure that the council is meeting the needs of residents efficiently and effectively, making the best use of evolving technologies.

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<th>Not thought about it</th>
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Table 18: Residents’ Satisfaction Survey 2010/11
Understanding feelings of safety by area, ethnicity, tenure and social grade
9 Management

9.1 How Haringey’s Parks are Managed: An Overview
Albert Road Recreation Ground is managed in accordance with a range of strategies; principally the council’s cultural strategy and its community strategy. These strategies set out, in broad terms, the aims and the objectives that the council has adopted, the time scale over which they should be achieved and how they will be measured.

There is also an open spaces strategy which sets out a route from where parks and open spaces are now and where the council would like them to be. As in the case of the overall council strategies, the open spaces strategy sets out time lines and performance indicators.

Parks and open spaces are managed from within Leisure Services. Until the restructure of services in 2011 the key document within the section was the Leisure Services Business Plan. This document described timescales and key performance indicators. These targets are now detailed in the directorate’s Place & Sustainability Business Plan.

Each of these key documents is described briefly below.

9.2 Haringey’s Cultural Strategy
The strategy examines how different partners, agencies and organisations are working together and aims to develop the range and quality of culture and cultural activity available to the people who live and work in Haringey. The strategy looks at:
• how we can grow a firm base that will support and develop the creative and cultural economy,
• how we can develop cultural infrastructure, training and business support,
• ideas and actions that will increase the range of opportunity to participate in cultural activity.
The strategy recognises the important role that parks and open spaces play, and the need to provide support for projects that increase use and access to these areas. Also recognised is the role Leisure Services has taken to create ‘Friends of Parks’ groups in order to involve the community in the management and maintenance of green spaces.

The Cultural Strategy also aims to work with the Mayor’s office, the Greater London Assembly (GLA), London Tourist Board, Lee Valley Regional Park Authority (LVRPA), the police and transport providers, and neighbouring authorities to market the potential of Haringey and north London as visitor destinations, with a focus on significant venues and green spaces.

Further information on Haringey’s Cultural Strategy can be found at http://www.haringey.gov.uk/index/council/strategies and policies/cultural_strategy.htm

9.3 Haringey’s Community Strategy
The Community Strategy is the overarching plan for the borough to improve the quality of life for people living, working, learning, visiting and investing in Haringey. This strategy sets out the priorities of the Haringey Strategic Partnership (HSP).

The strategy identifies five priorities to make the borough a better place through working together. These priorities are:

- providing modern, better quality, accessible services for everyone who needs them - particularly in health and social care;
- creating safe and confident communities with less fear of crime and the ability to prevent crime and resist committing crimes;
- creating a cleaner, greener environment with better transport and leisure opportunities;
- raising achievement in education and creating opportunities for life long success;
- narrowing the gap between the east and west of Haringey by improving the most deprived neighbourhoods.

9.4 Open Space Strategy
Haringey Leisure Services has adopted an open space strategy for the borough in order to guide the future direction of open space management and development. It also takes into account legislation and national policy.

The Vision Statement, eight strategic objectives and the action plan, which contains 97 actions to be implemented over the short, medium and long term, provide the key structure for this strategy.

The overall strategy has considered and defined the council’s position in relation to the key issues of: deficiency, safety, community involvement, education, recreation, social inclusion, culture, biodiversity.

The following is the Council’s vision:
“To enrich the quality of life for everyone in Haringey by working in partnership to provide safe, attractively designed, well used, well maintained open spaces for the benefit and enjoyment of the whole community.”
9.5 Objectives of the Open Space Strategy

- To address deficiencies in open space provision across the Borough in order to improve opportunities for local people to access a variety of open space environments.
- To create safe, open space environments that can be enjoyed by all sections of the community.
- To involve the whole community: residents, public, private and voluntary organisations, in the preparation and implementation of individual parks management plans in order to ensure that parks and open spaces contribute fully to the development of sustainable and cohesive local communities.
- To develop the educational role of open space, particularly for young people, in order to promote greater knowledge and understanding of the importance of the natural environment.
- To provide a range of opportunities and facilities for active and passive recreation, which can contribute to, improved mental and physical health and wellbeing.
- To manage and develop parks and open spaces in order to promote social inclusion and usage by all of Haringey’s diverse communities.
- To develop and promote an increased range of opportunities for people to enjoy cultural experiences and activities.
- To promote biodiversity and the conservation, protection and enrichment of species and habitats.

9.6 Place & Sustainability Business Plan

Since the reshaping of Haringey Council services and the reformation of Recreation Services into Leisure Services, the Recreation Services Business Plan has now been replaced with a directorate – Place and Sustainability Business Plan. Leisure Services contributes to the outcomes with the Place and Sustainability Plan by focusing on four key objectives.

These objectives are designed to encompass the issues that face the service on a daily to annual basis and also includes future development. The four headings are included as part of staff appraisals and one to one discussion throughout the year. These four headings are also the basis of the monthly progress reports and Team Briefings to all staff.

The four key Business Plan Objectives are:

- Cleanliness and Presentation - Improving the presentation and cleanliness of parks and open spaces.
- Improvement and Replacement - Improve Recreation Services facilities, physical infrastructure and recycling.
- Usage and Access - Deliver sustainable recreation services and provision across the borough.
- Managing and Changing - Improve the Service’s management capacity, processes and practice.

9.7 Management Structure

In 2011 the council saw a realignment of services resulting in a complete reshaping.

The Recreation Services Business Unit was restructured into what we now see as Leisure Services. Leisure Services was also moved out of the Adult & Community Services Directorate and into the newly formed Place & Sustainability Directorate within the Council structure.
The Operations and Client functions of the then Parks Service and Sport and Leisure Services were amalgamated. This was in preparation of the Leisure Centre and Bereavement Services functions (including the management of cemeteries) being outsourced in early 2012.

Leisure Services now consists of three units: Client Services, Operations and Commissioning. The day to day management of the parks and open spaces sits within Operations.

![Leisure organisational structure](image)

**Figure 9:** Leisure organisational structure

### 9.8 The Quality Management System
Leisure Operations operates a Quality Management System (QMS). The scope of the Haringey Parks Service QMS includes the monitoring and management of the following services:
- maintenance of parks, open spaces and council-owned trees
- administration of allotments
- management of conservation areas
- management of event-related processes
- management of customer feedback

### 9.9 Monitoring
Haringey has employed the Ken McAnespie Consultancy for several years to undertake a user survey. In 2009 over 9,000 questionnaires were sent to borough residents. Respondents were asked to score different attributes for their nearest or most used park and are also offered the opportunity to express views about specific subjects and more generally. In 2013 the survey was conducted in-house after a couple of years absence.
9.10 Finance and Funding

Annual Budget
Albert Road Recreation Ground sits within the West area of Operational Services which has an overall annual budget of £1.794m. Unlike previous years no capital funding has been allocated to Albert Road Recreation Ground for improvements, although there are other smaller funding streams available.

Parks and Open Spaces Small Grant Scheme
The Parks and Open Space Small Grant Scheme has been running for a number of years. The scheme offers community groups associated with parks and open spaces - such as Friends of Parks groups – to bid for funding of up to £1000, to support and develop community activity to help meet the council's aims and priorities for improving the borough’s parks and open spaces.

The scheme has been running for a number of years. The budget available in 2013 will be £20,000.

In 2012 the aims and priorities of the grant scheme were aligned to encourage Friends Groups to bid for money to enable them to undertake improvement and engagement works in parks. It is anticipated that the guidelines for 2013 will be pretty much the same albeit with a few tweaks here and there.

Queen Elizabeth II Fields
As well as being part of a permanent legacy of celebration of the great events of 2012, Queen Elizabeth II Fields - of which Albert Road Recreation Ground is one - are uniquely eligible to apply to a range of improvement funds managed by Fields in Trust.

Fields in Trust has established a funding stream within London that can only be accessed by Queen Elizabeth II Fields.

Events Income
A number of parks within the borough play host to commercial and community events throughout the year. As part of the financial reorganisation in April 2011 income targets for events were reviewed. New targets have now been set and a policy introduced to ring fence event income for reinvestment in parks infrastructure. Finsbury Park accounts for approximately 88% of all income received in parks. Finsbury Park is considered to be a regional venue for events and draws participation from Haringey and surrounding Boroughs.

Therefore, dependent on need a percentage of income received in Finsbury Park will be redistributed to make improvements in other smaller parks.

Each September a review of all income received in parks will be undertaken and a schedule of improvements will be drawn up based on the available funding and identified priorities in each parks management plan.

Other Funding Streams
On a smaller scale there are Lottery Grant initiatives such as 'Awards for All', which funds projects that enable people to take part in art, sport, heritage and community activities, as well as projects that promote education, the environment and health in the local community.
10 Improvements

10.1 Recent Improvements
Since 2005 investment on physical improvements to Albert Road Recreation Ground has been undertaken totalling £241k. Improvements have been made to play areas, pathways and park furniture.

An additional investment of £200k was provided by the Council for the Oliver Tambo memorial, of which other partners included the Republic of South Africa. Details of all projects are held within the previous management plan.

10.2 Future Improvements
In a recent consultation carried out with the Friends groups, the Friends of Albert Road Recreation Ground specified their following aims and aspirations for the park.

Overall objective
To maintain the Rec as one of the most active open spaces in the country and enhancing its recreational facilities even further.

1. Expand on Oliver Tambo part of Rec
2. Retain Green Flag
3. Retain Safer Parks status
4. See some art in the Rec
5. Maintain links with community and other stakeholders

These aims and aspirations will dictate any future improvements as and when funding becomes available.

Old Bowling Green and Pavilion
In December 2012 the ailing bowls club withdrew from their lease of the bowling green and pavilion within Albert Road Recreation Ground.

The Friends have submitted their views on the future use of the bowling green and pavilion to the Council. These include:

- Future use of the club and all its facilities should be consistant with FARRG’s mission which centres on the promotion of the public enjoyment of the Rec
- Facilities should be easily accessible to all members of the local community
- The use of such facilities should be exclusively social and recreational and of benefit to the local community
- The bowls club and its facilities should become organically intergrated into the surrounding infrastructure of the park, including the main Pavilion and the services provided by it in the park
- The operation of the bowls club and its facilities should be driven by a strong partnership involving the principal stakeholders ie Haringey, Pavilion Sports and Cafe and FARRG (which will represent and involve the local community and other partners)
- Proposed social and recreational activities should be complementary top, or consistent with, the Club’s previous use and should allow for the clubs continued use as a bowls facility
- Any changes made to the club should ensure that its lawn bowls heritage is broadly conserved

The Council will be looking for a new lease holder to:
• take on the building on a full repair basis
• ensure a proposal that permits as wide as possible access to the facilities
• the range of activity should cater for a wide as age range as possible
• the Council’s preference is that the bowling green is retained and used as a centre for promoting bowls to all ages
• commitment to working partnership with all site stakeholders.

Changing Room Upgrade
Following on from the dedication of QEII status for the Rec and thus allowing for bids of up to £10k to make improvements, the Friends of Albert Road and Robby Sukhdeo, in cooperation with Leisure Services, have submitted an application for funding to install changing and storage facilities.

It is proposed that the two prefab structures would sit to the left of the existing pavilion and that the extra facilities would increase sport user numbers by 50%.

This proposal is supported by Alexandra Park School and Alexandra Park Youth Football Club.

If successful the units would be installed in May 2013 in time for use in June 2013 onwards.
### 11 Action Plan

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Site</th>
<th>Green Flag Theme</th>
<th>Actions</th>
<th>Key Milestones</th>
<th>Responsibility</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Albert Road Recreation Ground</td>
<td>Clean and Well Maintained</td>
<td>Refine hygiene management plan in each park to reflect local management factors</td>
<td>Year 1</td>
<td>LBH - Operations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Albert Road Recreation Ground</td>
<td>Clean and Well Maintained</td>
<td>Transfer management of remaining buildings to Corporate Property Services to ensure regular maintenance programmes can be maintained</td>
<td>Ongoing</td>
<td>LBH - Client / Corporate Property Services</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Albert Road Recreation Ground</td>
<td>Community Involvement</td>
<td>Assist the Friends Forum with an annual building partnerships events</td>
<td>Year 1, Quarter 2</td>
<td>LBH - Client / Commissioning / Friends</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Albert Road Recreation Ground</td>
<td>Community Involvement</td>
<td>Continue to seek corporate volunteering opportunities with organisations to deliver conservation and maintenance work days</td>
<td>Ongoing</td>
<td>LBH - Client / Groundwork / TCV</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Albert Road Recreation Ground</td>
<td>Community Involvement</td>
<td>Offer Small Grants Scheme to encourage groups to make a positive impact of their park, and extend to smaller stakeholders</td>
<td>Year 1, Quarter 1 and ongoing</td>
<td>LBH - Client</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Albert Road Recreation Ground</td>
<td>Community Involvement</td>
<td>TCV to conduct Friends Group health check and capacity building project</td>
<td></td>
<td>TCV</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Albert Road Recreation Ground</td>
<td>Community Involvement / Healthy, Safe &amp; Secure</td>
<td>Continue to work with the MPS to connect Neighbourhood Watches to parks and Friends groups</td>
<td>Ongoing</td>
<td>Metropolitan Police Service</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Albert Road Recreation Ground</td>
<td>Conservation and Heritage</td>
<td>Commemorate the dedication of four parks - of which Albert Rec is one - as QEII fields with planting of commemorative Oak trees</td>
<td>Year 1, Quarter 3</td>
<td>LBH - Client</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Albert Road Recreation Ground</td>
<td>Conservation and Heritage</td>
<td>Contribute to a parks heritage exhibition to be hosted in local libraries</td>
<td>Autumn / Winter 2013</td>
<td>LHB - Client / Libraries</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Albert Road Recreation Ground</td>
<td>Conservation and Heritage</td>
<td>Establish Art in the Park programme</td>
<td></td>
<td>Friends / BCP Museum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Albert Road Recreation</td>
<td>Conservation and Heritage</td>
<td>Investigate completion of Phase 2 of Tambo Memorial</td>
<td></td>
<td>Friends / LBH - Client</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ground</td>
<td>Healthy, Safe &amp; Secure</td>
<td>Implement dog control orders as they apply to each park</td>
<td>Year 1, Quarter 1 and ongoing</td>
<td>LBH - Client / Enforcement</td>
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<tr>
<td>Albert Road Recreation Ground</td>
<td>Healthy, Safe &amp; Secure</td>
<td>Neighbourhood Watch Symbol added to welcome signs</td>
<td>Year 1, Quarter 1</td>
<td>LBH - Client</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Albert Road Recreation Ground</td>
<td>Healthy, Safe &amp; Secure</td>
<td>Promote Walking/Jogging Routes</td>
<td>Year 1, Quarter 2</td>
<td>LBH - Commissioning</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Albert Road Recreation Ground</td>
<td>Improvements</td>
<td>Explore play area improvements</td>
<td></td>
<td>LBH - Client</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Albert Road Recreation Ground</td>
<td>Improvements</td>
<td>Investigate improvement to sports drainage</td>
<td></td>
<td>LBH - Client</td>
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<tr>
<td>Albert Road Recreation Ground</td>
<td>Improvements</td>
<td>Playground drainage improvements</td>
<td>Year 1, Quarter 1</td>
<td>LBH - Client</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Albert Road Recreation Ground</td>
<td>Improvements</td>
<td>QE2 Funding application submitted, changing facility</td>
<td>Year 1, Quarter 1</td>
<td>Friends</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Albert Road Recreation Ground</td>
<td>Improvements</td>
<td>Resurfacing of rear path (along Bidwell Gardens)</td>
<td></td>
<td>LBH - Client</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Albert Road Recreation Ground</td>
<td>Improvements</td>
<td>Install new picnic benches and benches</td>
<td></td>
<td>LBH - Client</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Albert Road Recreation Ground</td>
<td>Management</td>
<td>Complete leasing arrangements of bowls pavilion</td>
<td>Year 1, Quarter 1</td>
<td>LBH - Client</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Albert Road Recreation Ground</td>
<td>Management</td>
<td>Complete re-survey and re-specification of maintenance operations</td>
<td>Year 1</td>
<td>LBH - Client</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Albert Road Recreation Ground</td>
<td>Management</td>
<td>Contract digital maps and also start to maintain the site through the Confirm Asset Management System</td>
<td>Year 1</td>
<td>LBH - Client</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Albert Road Recreation Ground</td>
<td>Management</td>
<td>Review each Parks Management Plan and</td>
<td>Year 1, Quarter 3</td>
<td>LBH - Client</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Recreation Ground</td>
<td>Marketing</td>
<td>Conduct annual Park User Survey</td>
<td>Annually, Quarter 2</td>
<td>LBH - Client</td>
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<tr>
<td>Albert Road Recreation Ground</td>
<td>Marketing</td>
<td>Promote parks through the Leisure Services Communications Plan</td>
<td>Ongoing</td>
<td>LBH - Client</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Albert Road Recreation Ground</td>
<td>Marketing</td>
<td>Promote positive contribution through National Celebration Weeks - Love Parks Week, National Tree Week etc</td>
<td>Year 1, Quarter 2 &amp; 3</td>
<td>LBH - Client</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Albert Road Recreation Ground</td>
<td>Marketing</td>
<td>Promote valuable work carried out through partnerships and encouraging people / groups to participate</td>
<td>Ongoing</td>
<td>LBH - Client / Groundwork / TCV</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Albert Road Recreation Ground</td>
<td>Marketing</td>
<td>Publicity awareness campaign around Dog Control</td>
<td>Year 1, Quarter 1 &amp; 2</td>
<td>LBH - Client / Enforcement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Albert Road Recreation Ground</td>
<td>Marketing</td>
<td>Run litter awareness campaign targeting specific hotspots at busy times of year</td>
<td>Year 1, Quarter 2</td>
<td>LBH - Client</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Albert Road Recreation Ground</td>
<td>Marketing</td>
<td>Using lamppost banners in key parks to promote various campaigns throughout the year</td>
<td>Ongoing</td>
<td>LBH - Client</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Albert Road Recreation Ground</td>
<td>Sustainability</td>
<td>TCV to facilitate delivery of actions from the Conservation Action Plan in partnership with volunteer groups</td>
<td>Ongoing</td>
<td>TCV / Community Groups</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Albert Road Recreation Ground</td>
<td>Sustainability / Community Involvement</td>
<td>Food Growing Activities / designated areas - dependant on demand showing from annual park user survey</td>
<td>Ongoing</td>
<td>LBH - Client / TCV / Groundwork</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Albert Road Recreation Ground</td>
<td>Welcoming Place</td>
<td>Dog Control Order enforcement symbols added to welcome signage</td>
<td>Year 1, Quarter 1</td>
<td>LBH - Client / Enforcement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Albert Road Recreation Ground</td>
<td>Welcoming Place</td>
<td>Fully restore Park Steward Programme seven days a week, May to September</td>
<td>Year 1, Quarter 1 &amp; 2</td>
<td>LBH - Operations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Albert Road Recreation Ground</td>
<td>Welcoming Place</td>
<td>Introduce monthly information update to parks notice boards</td>
<td>Ongoing</td>
<td>LBH / Friends</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ground</td>
<td>Welcoming Place</td>
<td>Signage audit and implement updates</td>
<td>Year 1, Quarter 1</td>
<td>LBH - Client</td>
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<tr>
<td>Albert Road Recreation Ground</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

*Table 19: Action Plan*